THE FRANKLIN REVIEW.

VOLUME I. CHAMBERSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL, 2 1896. NUMBER 45.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

THE STANDARD RAILWAY OF AMERICA.

PROTECTED THROUGHOUT BY THE

Interlocking Switch and Block Signal System.

On and after May 20th, 1895, the Passengre Trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will depart from HARRISBURG and arrive at Philadelphia, New York, Pittsburg, and Erie as follows:

EASTWARD.

PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS daily at 1.10 A. M., arrives at Philadelphia at 4.30 A. M. and New York at 7.33 A. M.

EASTERN EXPRESS daily at 2.15 A. M., arrives Philadelphia 5.05 A. M., New York 7.43 A. M.

FAST LINE daily at 3.45 A. M., arrives at Philadelphia at 6.52 A. M. daily and New York 9.33 A. M. week-days, and 10.38 A. M. Sunday.

HARRISBURG EXPRESS daily (except Sunday) at 6.40 A. M., arrives at Philadelphia at 10.20 A. M. and New York at 12.53 P. M.

COLUMBIA ACCOMMODATION daily (except Sunday) at 7.15 A. M., arrives at Philadelphia at 11.45 A. M. and New York 2.13 P. M.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS daily at 9.35 A. M. arrives at Philadelphia 12.17 P. M. and New York 2.33 P. M.

SEA-SHORE EXPRESS daily (except Sunday) at 11.40 A. M., arrives at Philadelphia 3.00 P. M. and New York 5.53 P. M.

PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED EXPRESS of Pullman Vestibule Cars daily at 1.40 P. M., arrives at Philadelphia at 4.17 P. M. and New York at 6.30 P. M.

LANCASTER ACCOMMODATION (Sunday only) at 2.35 P. M., arrive at Lancaster 4.20 P. M.

DAY EXPRESS daily at 2.50 P. M., arrives at Philadelphia at 5.47 P. M. and New York at 8.23 P. M.

LANCASTER ACCOMMODATION, daily (except Sunday) at 2.55 P. M., arrives Lancaster 4.18 P. M.

MAIN LINE EXPRESS, daily at 3.30 P. M., arrives Philadelphia 6.23 P. M., arrives New York 9.23 P. M.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION via Columbia daily (except Sunday), at 4.50 P. M. and arrives at Philadelphia at 9.45 P. M., New York 12.33 A. M. daily (except Monday).

LANCASTER ACCOMMODATION, daily (except Sunday) at 5.10 P. M., arrives Lancaster 6.20 P. M.

MAIL TRAIN daily at 7.30 P. M. arrives at Philadelphia at 11.15 P. M., New York 3.55 A. M.

STEELTON EXPRESS leave Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 6.40, 7.15, 11.40 A. M., 2.55, 4.50, 5.10 P. M. On Sunday 2.35 P. M. Returning, leave Steelton daily (except Sunday) 10.55, 11.08 A. M.; 3.55, 7.01, 7.44 P. M. On Sunday 11.08 A. M.

For LEBANON, 6.40, 11.40 A. M., 3.30, 7.30 P. M. week-days.

All Through Trains connect at Jersey City with boats of "Brooklyn Annex" for BROOKLYN, N. Y., avoiding double ferriage and journey through New York City.

WESTWARD.

SOUTHWESTERN EXPRESS daily at 1.20 A. M., arrives at Altoona at 4.50 A. M., Pittsburg 8.30 A. M.

PACIFIC EXPRESS daily at 3.10 A. M., arrives at Altoona at 7.40 A. M. and Pittsburg at 12.10 P. M.

WAY PASSENGER, daily, 8.18 A. M., arrives at Altoona 1.45 P. M. and Pittsburg 6.50 P. M.

MAIL TRAIN daily at 11.20 A. M., arrives at Altoona at 3.40 P. M. and Pittsburg at 8.10 P. M.

PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED, of Pullman Vestibule cars leaves daily at 3.00 P. M., arrives at Altoona at 6.10 P. M., and Pittsburg 9.15 P. M.

FAST LINE daily at 3.50 P. M. arrives at Altoona at 7.40 P. M., and Pittsburg at 11.30 P. M.

ALTOONA ACCOMMODATION, daily, 5.00 P. M. arrives at Altoona at 9.50 P. M.

CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS, daily at 7.30 P. M. arrives Altoona 10.45 P. M. and Pittsburg at 2.00 A. M.

EXPRESS FOR PITTSBURG (daily except Sunday), 10.20 P. M.

WESTERN EXPRESS daily at 11.55 P. M. arrives at Altoona at 3.35 A. M. and Pittsburg at 7.15 A. M.

For MIFFLIN, 3.10, 8.18 and 11.20 A. M., 3.50 5.00 and 10.20 P. M., daily, except Sunday. Sun days, 3.10, 8.18, 11.20 A. M., 3.50 and 5.00 P. M.

PHILAD'A & ERIE R. R. DIVISION.

WESTERN EXPRESS, daily, except Sunday, at 12.01 A. M., arrives at Sunbury at 1.35 A. M., and Williamsport 2.55 A. M.

NORTHERN EXPRESS, daily, at 3.30 A. M., arrives at Williamsport at 6.50 A. M., and Erie at 3.40 P. M.

NEWS EXPRESS, daily, at 8.15 A. M., arrives at Williamsport at 11.15 A. M., Lock Haven at 12.20 P. M.

NIAGARA EXPRESS daily (except Sunday) at 12.10 P. M., arrives at Williamsport at 5.00 P. M., Lock Haven at 4.10 P. M., Renovo at 5.15 P.m and Kane 9.20 P. M.

FAST LINE daily (except Sunday) at 3.55 P. M., arrives at Williamsport at 7.00 P. M., Lock Haven at 8.00 P. M., and Renovo at 9.00 P. M.

WILLIAMSPORT EXPRESS daily at 7.55 P. M., arrives at Sunbury 9.25 P. M., and Williamsport at 10.40 P. M.

Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket Office at the Station.

S. M. PREVOST, J. R. WOOD,
General Manager. Gen'l Passenger Agent.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

Time table of Through Trains in effect Jan. 6th, 1895. Close connection made in Union Depots, Cincinnati and St. Louis, and all points West and Southwest. Close connections also made in Columbus and Chicago for points West and Northwest.

LEAVE HAGERSTOWN.

6.30 A. M.—Arrive at Frederick 8.35 A. M. Washington 9.20 A. M., Baltimore 10.30 A M.

11.10 A. M.—Chicago Vestibuled Limited Express—Arrive at Frederick 2.20 P. M., Washington 2.53 p. m., Baltimore 4.40 p. m., Pittsburg 8.45 p. m., Youngstown 10.57 p. m., Akron 12.42 a. m., Chicago 11.00 a. m.

5.00 P. M.—For Columbus, Pittsburg, Chicago, Washington and Baltimore.

ARRIVE AT HAGERSTOWN.

9.00 A. M.—From Baltimore, Frederick, Winchester, Martinsburg, Cumberland and all through points west.

2.13 P. M.—From Baltimore, Washington, Frederick and all stations on the Main Line.

8.40 P. M.—From Baltimore, via Main Stem and via Washington and from Frederick and all points west.

LEAVE MARTINSBURG.

1.47 P. M.—Vestibuled Limited Express Chicago 11.00 a. m., Pittsburg 8.45 p. m., Youngstown 10.57 p. m., Akron 12.52 a. m.

5.54 P. M.—Vestibuled Limited Express—Arrive at Cumberland 8.02 p. m., Cincinnati 7.45 a. m., Louisville 11.59 a. m., St. Louis 6.00 p. m.

10.39 P. M.—Chicago Express—Arrive Colum bus 11.35 a. m., Chicago 9.00 p. m.

11.28 P. M.—Arrive at Pittsburg 6.55 a. m. Cleveland 10.30 a. m.

2.27 A. M.—Arrive at Cincinnati 5.30 p. m., Louisville 11.00 p. m., St. Louis 7.12 a. m.

The Double Track, Elegantly Equipped, Picturesque, Baltimore & Ohio soliciits patronage, offering you superior accommodations, quick transit and low rates of fare. If you intend to travel West, Northwest or Southwest call on or address the undersigned who will give you full information.

Trains leave Hagerstown daily, except Sunday.

C. O. SCULL, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
Baltimore, Md.

H. W. Spessard,
Pass. & Ticket Agent.
Chambersburg, Pa.

TUSCARORA VALLEY RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect Monday, Sept. 30, 1895.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS. Daily, except Sunday.	No. 1 A. M.	No. 3 P. M.
Blair's Mills.....Lv	8 00	2 00
Waterloo	8 05	2 05
Leonard's Grove	8 10	2 10
Ross Farm	8 15	2 15
Perulack	8 20	2 20
East Waterford	8 30	2 30
Heckman	8 37	2 37
Honey Grove	8 42	2 42
Fort Bingham	8 48	2 48
Warble	8 55	2 55
Pleasant View	9 00	3 00
Seven Pines	9 06	3 06
Spruce Hill	9 10	3 10
Graham's	9 14	3 14
Stewart	9 16	3 16
Freedom	9 18	3 18
Turbett	9 20	3 20
Old Port	9 25	3 25
Port Royal.....Ar	9 30	3 30

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Port Roya with Way Passenger and Seashore Express on P. R. R., and Nos. 3 and 4 with Mail East.

WESTWARD.

STATIONS. Daily, except Sunday.	Dist.	No 2. A. M.	No. 4 P. M.
Port Royal.....Lv	0 0	10 45	5 15
Old Port	1 3	10 50	5 20
Turbett	2 8	10 55	5 25
Freedom	3 7	10 57	5 27
Stewart	4 4	10 59	5 29
Graham's	5 0	11 01	5 31
Spruce Hill	6 3	11 05	5 35
Seven Pines	7 2	11 09	5 39
Pleasant Velw	9 0	11 15	5 45
Warble	10 0	11 20	5 50
Fort Bingham	12 0	11 26	5 56
Honey Grove	14 0	11 33	6 03
Heckman	15 1	11 38	6 08
East Waterford	17 5	11 45	6 15
Perulack	20 5	11 55	6 25
Ross Farm	22 0	12 00	6 30
Leonard's Grove	24 0	12 05	6 35
Waterloo	25 5	12 10	6 40
Blair's Mills.....Ar	27 0	12 15	6 45

Trains Nos. 2 and 3 connect with Stage Line at Blair's Mills for Concord, Doylesburg and Dry Run.

J. C. MOORHEAD, Supt.

CUMBERLAND VALLEY RAIL ROAD TIME TABLE.—Dec. 2, 1895.

Leave		no. 2	no. 4	no. 6	no. 8	no10
		*A.M	†A.M	†P.M	†P.M	*P.M
Winchester			7 15		2 40	
Martinsburg			8 00		3 30	
Hagerstown		6 30	8 43	12 20	4 20	9 05
Greencastle		6 51	9 05	12 42	4 53	9 30
Mercersburg			7 45		2 50	
Chambersburg	A. M	7 12	9 30	1 04	5 20	9 53
Waynesboro			8 10	12 00	4 00	
Shippensburg		7 32	9 50	1 24	5 42	10 14
Newville		7 50	10 08	1 41	6 00	10 33
Carlisle		8 13	10 31	2 05	6 25	10 56
Mechanicsburg		8 39	10 51	2 27	6 45	11 19
Arr. Dillsburg			1 00	4 40	7 35	
Arr. Harrisb'g		9 00	11 10	2 45	7 02	11 40
	A. M	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M
Arr. Phila		12 17	3 00	5 47	11 15	4 30
" New York		2 33	5 53	8 23	3 53	7 33
" Baltimore		12 20	3 10	6 15	10 40	6 20
	A. M	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M

Additional trains will leave Carlisle for Harrisburg daily, except Sunday, at 5.45 a. m., 7.00 a. m., 12.10 p. m., 3.45 p. m. and 6.30 p. m., and from Mechanicsburg at 6.10 a. m., 7.25 a. m., 9.54 a. m., 12.35 p. m., 1.44 p. m., 4.10 p. m., 5.35 p. m. and 6.55 p. m., stopping at 2d street Harrisburg, to let off passengers.

Trains Nos. 4 and 10 run daily between Harrisburg and Hagerstown.

§On Sundays No. 4. arrives Baltimore 4.20 p. m., Philadelphia 5.47 p. m., New York 8.23 p.m.

Through coach from Hagerstown to Philadeldhia on train No. 4.

* Daily.

† Daily except Sunday.

Leave		no. 1	no. 3	no. 5	no. 7		no. 9
		P. M.	A. M	A. M	A. M	P. M.	P. M.
L'v Baltimore		11 50	4 55	8 53	11 40		4 40
" New York		8 00	12 15		9 30		2 00
" Phila		11 20	4 30	8 50	12 25		4 40
		†	*	†	†	†	*
Leave		A. M	A. M	P. M	P. M	P. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg		4 45	7 55	12 10	3 45		8 10
Dillsburg			7 35	9 30	1 20		5 10
Mechanicsburg		5 04	8 15	12 30	4 07		8 29
Carlisle		5 25	8 36	12 53	4 27		8 50
Newville		5 49	9 00	1 17	4 51		9 10
Shippensburg		6 08	9 18	1 38	5 10		9 28
Waynesboro			10 35	3 00	6 10		
Chambersburg		6 32	9 45	2 05	5 35		9 50
Mercersburg			11 05	5 38			
Greencastle		6 54	10 06	2 26	5 55		10 09
Hagerstown		7 17	10 35	2 50	6 25		10 30
Martinsburg			11 16		7 07		
Ar. Winchester			12 05		7 55		
		A. M	M'n'on	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Additional local trains will leave Harrisburg daily, except Sunday, for Carlisle and intermediate stations at 9.35 a. m., 2.25 p. m., 3.40 p. m., 5.20 p. m. 6.20 p. m. and 10.55 p. m., also for Mechanicsburg and intermediate stations at 7.48 a. m., and 11.20 a. m. All of the above trains will stop at 2d street, Harrisburg, to take on passengers.

Nos. 3 and 9 run daily between Harrisburg and Hagerstown.

Through coach from Philadelphia to Hagerstown on trains Nos. 5 and 9.

* Daily.

† Daily except Sunday.

MONT ALTO RAILROAD.

Mail no68	Mix no66	Acc no54		Mail no63	Mix no65	Acc no57
†P.M	†P.M	†A.M	Lve. Arr.	†A.M	†P.M	†P.M
5 15	1 38	9 45	Chambersburg	8 50	1 20	4 45
5 27	1 53	9 52	Mont Alto Jun.	8 42	1 08	4 39
5 38	2 08	10 03	West Fay'tville	8 31	12 52	4 29
5 43	2 16	10 08	East Fay't'ville	8 26	12 44	4 24
5 55	2 32	10 19	Mont Alto	8 15	12 25	4 13
5 58	2 37	10 22	Kneppers	8 12	12 20	4 11
6 02	2 46	10 27	Quincy	8 08	12 11	4 07
6 10	3 00	10 35	Waynesboro	8 00	12 00	4 00
P.M.	P.M.	A. M	Arr. Lve.	A. M	P.M.	P.M.

SOUTHERN PENN'A R. R. TRAINS.

Pas. no65	Mix no63			Pas. no 64	Mix no68
†P.M	†A.M	Lve. Arr.		†A.M	†P.M
4 55	9 45	Chambersburg		8 38	4 15
5 08	9 56	Marion		8 23	3 55
5 43	11 05	Mercersburg		7 45	2 50
6 02	11 35	Loudon		7 23	2 15
6 10	11 50	Richmond		7 15	2 00
P.M.	A. M	Arr.	Lve.	A. M	P.M.

Connection for all stations on Cumberland Valley Railroad and Pennsylvania Railroad system.

H. A. RIDDLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent. J. F. BOYD, Supt.

WESTERN MARYLAND R. R.

connecting with P. & R. R. at Shippensburg and Gettysburg; Norfolk & Western R. R. at Hagerstown; B. & O. R. R. at Hagerstown and Cherry Run; Penn'a R. R. at Bruceville, and P. W. & B., N. C., and B. & P. Railroads at Union Station, Baltimore, Md.

Schedule in effect September 29, 1895.

BALTIMORE & CUMBERLAND VALLEY BRANCH.

Read Downward.			Stations.	Read Upward.		
P. M.	P. M.	A. M	Lve. Arr.	A. M	P. M.	P. M.
3 15	1 09	6 00	Shippensburg	8 33	1 06	8 58
3 25	1 18	6 10	Southampton	8 23	12 57	8 48
3 32	1 25	6 17	Greenvillage	8 16	12 50	8 41
3 47	1 39	6 31	Chambersburg	8 05	12 39	8 30
3 58	1 49	6 42	New Franklin	7 51	12 25	8 16
4 06	1 57	6 50	Altenwald	7 44	12 18	8 08
4 13	2 05	6 57	Five Forks	7 35	12 10	8 00
4 22	2 13	7 06	Waynesboro	7 27	12 02	7 51
4 31	2 22	7 15	Midvale	7 18	11 53	7 42
4 39	2 30	7 29	Edgemont	7 05	11 45	7 34
			Ar. Le.			
			Le. Ar.			
4 44	2 35	7 36	Edgemont	7 04	11 45	7 34
	2 53	7 50	Highfield	6 53	11 28	7 19
7 17	6 05	10 27	Baltimore	4 30	8 11	4 08
			Ar. Le.			
			Le. Ar.			
4 44	2 35	7 36	Edgemont	7 03	11 39	7 22
4 50	2 41	7 41	Smithsburg	6 57	11 33	7 16
4 52	2 44	7 43	Cavetown	6 54	11 30	7 20
4 59	2 50	7 48	Chewsville	6 49	11 25	7 15
5 15	3 05	8 02	Hagerstown	6 35	11 10	7 00
			Ar. Le.			
			Ar. Le.			P.M.
6 25			Williamsport	6 17		5 45
			Le. Ar.			
8 05		8 05	Hagerstown			6 00
8 26		8 18	Williamsport			5 38
8 37		8 27	Charlton			5 28
8 43		8 33	Clear Spring			5 22
8 57		8 45	Big Pool			5 0
9 00		8 48	Cherry Run			5 05
			Ar. Le.			
			Ar. Le		A. M	
	2 35	7 36	Edgemont		11 45	7 34
	2 53	7 50	Highfie d		11 28	7 17
	3 52	8 43	Gettysburg		10 28	6 20
	4 16	9 06	New Oxford		10 03	5 56
	4 33	9 23	Hanover		9 46	5 39
	4 45	9 38	Ar. Porters Le.		9 32	5 27
	5 27	9 38	Ar. Porters Le.		9 32	4 44
	5 33	9 44	Menges		9 26	4 38
	5 35	9 47	Spring Grove		9 24	4 36
	5 40	9 52	Nashville		9 20	4 31
	5 43	9 59	Thomasville		9 16	4 27
	5 57	10 10	Ar. W. York Le.		9 02	4 14

P. & R. R. trains leave Shippensburg at 7.0 and 12.35 a. m. and 3.55 p. m. Arrive at 10.35 a. m., 2.25 and 5.42 p. m., daily, except Sunday.

Trains for Frederick leave Bruceville at 9.40 and 5.40 p. m. Trains for Taneytown, Littlestown, Wrightsville and Columbia leave Bruceville at 7.44 a. m. and 3.45 p. m.

Leave Rocky Ridge for Emmitsburg at 8.26 and 10.40 a. m., and 3.31 and 6.34 p. m. Leave Emmitsburg for Rocky Ridge at 7.50 and 10.00 a. m., and 2.55 and 4.50 p. m.

B. & O. passenger trains leave Cherry Run for Cumberland and intermediate points, No. 13, daily, at 8.57 a. m. For Piedmont and intermediate, No. 17, daily, except Sunday, at 1.20 p. m., and Chicago Express, No. 7, daily, at 11.02 p. m. East bound trains arrive at Cherry Run, No. 4, at 4.04 a. m.; No. 6, at 11.01 a. m.; No. 14, at 5.01 p. m.

Passgers for Chicago Limited, No. 5, or Cincinnati Limited, No. 1, take No. 17 to Hancock and there transfer to No. 5 or No. 1.

Passengers for B. & O. Pittsburg Express, No. 9, take No. 7 to Hancock and there transfer.

All the above trains daily except Sunday.

J. M. Hood, Gen'l Manager. B.H. GRISWOLD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

LOCAL DIRECTORY.

Officers Of Franklin County And Of Chambersburg Borough.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

JUDGE—John Stewart. Term expires 1898.
SHERIFF—Samuel G. Greenawalt. Term expires 1898.
PROTHONOTARY—Geo. A. Hornbaker. Term expires 1896.
REGISTER AND RECORDER—J. H. Ledy. Term expires 1896.
CLERK OF THE COURTS—D. L. Grove. Term expires 1896.
TREASURER—Andrew S. Stover. Term expires 1896.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—Jere H. Light. Term expires 1898.
COMMISSIONERS—George V. Johnston, Samuel S. Reisher, E. S. Baer. Terms expire 1896.
DIRECTORS OF THE POOR—George W. Immell, term expires 1896; John G. Youst, term expires 1897; L. C. Martin, term expires 1898.
AUDITORS—T. M. Smith, Joseph A. Pfoutz, John R. Pilgrim; terms expire 1896.
JURY COMMISSIONERS—B. M. Martin, John L. Brindle; terms expire 1897.
COUNTY SURVEYOR—S. V. Wingert. Term expires 1898.
CORONER—L. F. Suesserott. Term expires 1898.

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

BURGESS—John R. Orr.
COUNCILMEN—Dr. J. S. Kennedy, Frank Henderson, Dr. P. Brough Montgomery, John W. Houser, Rush S. Dittman, John Shreiner, A. M. Sager, George Metsch.
CLERK OF COUNCIL—D. B. Kirby.
TREASURER—E. J. Black.
TAX COLLECTOR—Daniel Harmony.
AUDITORS—George C. Cooke, Frank Huber.

LYTLE AT CHICKAMAUGA.

The Death of the Author of the Poem "I Am Dying, Egypt, Dying."

Gen. Rosecrans's fatal order of Sept. 20, 1893, issued to Gen. Wood under a misapprehension of the situation, to "close up on Reynolds and support him," resulted directly in a disastrous break in the Union lines at Chickamauga, and indirectly in the death of the gifted Gen. William H. Lytle, lawyer, poet, and soldier. He was the only Union General officer who lost his life on that field. It can well and truthfully be said that some other could better have been spared than he. In a superhuman effort to stop the furious onset of the Confederate columns, which unexpectedly attacked while Sheridan's division was in motion to the left, Lytle, seemingly marked by Death for its own, received three severe wounds the last one in the head and mortal, and died on the field which he had refused to leave. When the fatal wound was received he was in the thickest of the fight, steadying the men of the Twenty-fourth Wisconsin up to a new line of battle, heroically and ably endeavering to stay the threatening tide of disaster.

As a soldier he was respected and admired by the whole army. Gen. Sheridan said in his official report of this battle: "In him [Lytle] the country lost an able General and the service of a gallant soldier."

Col. Silas Miller, who succeeded Lytle in command of the brigade, uses this language: "While rallying the men to the formation of this line our noble and beloved commander fell (two or three times wounded previously). During this action he had persistently refused to leave the field, but, gallantly doing more than his duty to the men he loved and who worshipped him, he sacrificed himself without reluctance. No words or eulogies of men can add any lustre to his deeds of heroic daring or render more honored and revered among men the name and memory of William H. Lytle."

Gen. Rosecrans made this reference to Lytle:

"As Brig.-Gen. Lytle fell leading a gallant charge against the foe advancing on our retreating troops, I may be excused for departing from the strict rule of mentioning those officers whose good conduct could be properly officially noticed by the General commanding only. This brave and generous young officer, whose first wounds were received while fighting under my command at Carnifex ferry, where he fell, desperately wounded, at the head of his regiment, was also badly wounded and taken prisoner at the battle of Perryville, where he repelled a desperate onslaught of the enemy. On rejoining the Army of the Cumberland, with his well-earned rank of Brigadier, he was assigned second in command to Gen. Sheridan. When he fell gloriously on the field of Chickamauga, Ohio, lost one of her jewels and the service one of its most patriotic and promising general officers."

On the 9th of August, six weeks previous to the battle of Chickamauga, the officers of the Tenth Ohio, then at Bridgeport, on the Tennessee river, presented Lytle with a jewelled Maltese cross in token of the high esteem in which they held their former Colonel. In accepting it Lytle made a singularly eloquent and touching speech, the more so because of its being addressed to the grim veterans of a score of battles, in the midst of his last campaign. The closing paragraph was a prophecy:

"It will be for you, above all others, when this rebellion has spent its strength, to recall to the minds of the people the admonition:

'O, it is excellent
To have a giant's strength; but it is tyrannous
To use it like a giant.'

To heal up the sores and scars and cover up the bloody footprints that war will leave; to bury in oblivion all animosities against your former foe, and, chivalrous as you are brave, standing on stricken fields forever memorable in history, side by side with the Virginian, the Missisippian, or Alabamian, to carve on bronze or marble the glowing epitaph that tells us of Southern as well as Northern valor. That the day of ultimate triumph for the Union army, sooner or later, will come, I do not doubt, for I have faith in the courage, the wisdom, and the justice of the people. It may not be for all of us here today to listen to the chants that greet the victor, nor to hear the brazen bells ring out the new nuptials of the States. But those who do survive can tell, at least, to the people how their old comrades, whether in the skirmish or the charge, before the rifle pit or the redan, died with their harness on in the great war for Union and liberty."

His troops having been driven back in the general break of the Union lines on that part of the field, Lytle unfortunately breathed his last within the Confederate lines, his life being nearly spent as they charged in victorious shout across his prostrate form. But the dying General probably knew it not. His remains were treated with marked respect by the enemy and decently buried near the spot where he fell. About three weeks afterward the body was recovered under a flag of truce sent out by Gen. Rosecrans, and taken to Cincinnati by a guard of honor from his old regiment, the Tenth Ohio, where it was interred in Spring Grove Cemetery with imposing ceremonies.

Gen. H. V. Boynton, the distinguished historian of the Chattanooga Battle Park Commission, himself a participant in the battle, recently received from Gov. William C. Oates of Alabama, the true story of the finding of the body of Lytle, and an accompanying act of sympathetic attention to a fallen foe. Oates was Colonel of an Alabama regiment which participated in the successful Confederate rush, and this is the account he gives to Gen. Boynton: "Gen. Deas's brigade of Hindman's division, which assaulted Lytle's lines, had been checked by the desperate fighting of the latter, and a portion of it was falling back. At that moment Col. Oates's regiment arrived, and the Confederate line was steadied and again advanced under hot fire. As it forced its way up the gentle slope upon which Lytle's short line was formed, Col. Oates came upon a Union General lying upon his back, evidently mortally wounded, past the power of speech, and with the noon sun shining full upon his face. In that vortex of battle, of which all who know the field are fully informed, Col. Oates dismounted, and taking the stricken General by the shoulders quickly pulled him into the shade of a pine tree, left him there, and followed his line into the final assault. Returning with his regiment after the crest was carried, he again passed where he had laid this Union officer, and found him just dying. Then, upon inquiring of Union wounded lying near, he first learned that it was Gen. Lytle."

It is related that a wounded or captured Federal officer requested Major Douglas West, a Confederate officer, to protect the body of the dead General, which he took steps to do. West says that on hearing the name of Lytle he was thrilled, being "familiar with the poem which made the name immortal." He took in his keeping the General's sword, belt scabbard, pistol, portemonnaie, memorandum book, spurs, and even his shoulder straps. The foregoing account is both interesting and necessary, because of the absurd fiction that Lytle, while lying wounded on the battlefield, composed the celebrated poem "Antony and Cleopatra." He was insensible when his staff officers left him to seek safety by flight. As a matter of fact his name had been made famous before the war by this poem, which was written in 1858.

Gen. Boynton says: "On that Sunday night in September, thirty-two years ago, when it became widely known in both armies that Gen. Lytle had fallen, there was instant and universal tribute paid to his memory by countless recitals of the poem, 'I Am Dying, Egypt, Dying.' So died Lytle with his harness on, and far and wide around the memorial pile which marks the spot where he fell, in the deadliest swirl of the battle, now rise monuments and tablets in marble and bronze, telling to this generation, and preserving for those to come, the 'story of Southern as well as Northern valor.'" Upon the spot where Lytle fell the Park Commission has erected a triangular pyramid of eight-inch shells, upon one face of which a tablet sets forth the facts of the General's death. The exact spot was identified for the Commission by Col. Alfred Pirtle, a member of Lytle's staff, who made a visit to the field for the purpose.

William Haines Lytle of Ohio was a lawyer by profession, naturally something of a politician, a poet, and instinctively a soldier. He was born in 1826, and had but just entered upon the practice of the law in his native State when the Mexican war broke out. The inherent military spirit of this Ohio boy asw stirred, and he went to Mexico as a Captain in the Second Ohio Volunteers, served creditably until the close of that contest, so glorious to the American arms, and, returning home, quietly resumed his professional work. At this time he was only about 22 years old, a poof that he was endowed with more than usual ability and dignity of character.

Lytle always dabbled more or less in literature, and in his leisure hours produced several fugitive poems of considerable merit, and, as previously stated, several years before the outbreak of the rebellion he had won literary fame as the author of one of the most beautiful and powerful poems in our language, from the text of Shakespeare's sonorous line, "I am dying, Egypt, dying," entitled "Antony and Cleopatra."

About two years ago, for the first time, a memoir of Lytle was issued from a Cincinnati press, which much to the satisfaction of his admirers, also included a collection of his poems. The editor, Mr. William H. Venable, has done his work well. He says: "The poem, 'Antony and Cleopatra,' is enjoyed not only by the uncritical reader, 'too simple to admire,' but by exacting judges in literary art; for, though not a perfect piece of artistic work, it is of masterly power and sustained excellence of style. The vigor never flags, the passionate swell of its music mounts higher and higher to the climax in the last line." Critics must not forget that Lytle had little leisure for literary study and composition, and made no claim to proficiency in the artistry of poetics. He merely wrote for pleasure and from impulse.

At the very outbreak of the rebellion, having had some military training and experience, Lytle was commissioned Colonel of the Tenth Ohio, and went to the front with an exulting enthusiasm born of true love of country and a noble ambition. He had the misfortune to be wounded in every engagement in which he participated; at Carnifex Ferry, September 10,1861; at Perryville, October 8, 1861, where he was also taken prisoner, and finally at Chickamauga. His personal courage and exalted sense of duty as a leader, carried him into the midst of every danger, although it does not appear that he sought to be merely conspicuous by foolish displays of those admirable and necessary qualities of the soldier.

A few days after the battle of Perryville, the Secretary of War, a brother Ohioan, sent Gen. Lytle the following telegram, in answer to his earnest appeal for a speedy exchange and return to active service at the front:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, Oct. 14, 1862.

Col. W. H. Lytle:

Your telegram respecting exchange has been received and the Adjutant-General instructed to negotiate your exchange as speedily as possible. Allow me to express my high estimation of your gallantry, and hope for your speedy recovery and restoration to your command, with appropriate rank.

E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

Lytle was promoted—as Mr. Stanton evidently intended he should be—to a Brigadier, to date from Nov. 29, 1862. Subsequently, having been regularly exchanged, his ambition to rejoin the army was gratified, and he was assigned, with "appropriate rank," to one of the best brigades in Sheridan's division, Army of the Cumberland. Endowed with a vaulting ambition, he longed to inscribe his name higher up on the scroll of military fame, and dobtless would have succeeded had his life been spared, but another fate was in store for him.

Notwithstanding his military fame already earned, notwithstanding the higher encomiums passed upon him by his commander and brother officers, William Haines Lytle is already better, and will be longer remembered as an author than as a soldier of the republic. That it is so is not discreditable to the understanding and tendency of our civilization, though it cannot be doubted that the poet-soldier himself would wince with pain and disappointment could he return to earth and realize the truth. Howbeit, much as one's admiration for Lytle's melancholy and yet passionate verses surpass and naturally tend to divert the memory from his professional achievements, his tragic and glorious fate on the banks of the Chickamauga should never be forgotten.

LESLIE J. PERRY,
in New York Sun.

Law For Taxing a Billy Goat.

The newly-appointed assessor in a Maine city was making up a tax assessment and taxed the billy goat of a hard-working citizen.

"Sure," said the latter, "where do you get the authority for that?"

Much talk ensued, and finally the assessor got the book of law and read that all property bounding and abutting on both sides of the street shonld be taxed so and so, "and sure," said the assessor, "many's the time I've seen that same billy goat o' yours a boundin' and a buttin' on both sides o' the street.

The old German Baptist Brethren, of the vicinity of Waynesboro, have appointed Saturday and Sunday, May 16 and 17, for communion services to be held in Amsterdam church near Midvale. The general conference of the church will be held this year at Covington, Ohio, on Pentecost, May 24, and closing 26 or 27.

OURSELVES AND NEIGHBORS.

HAPPENINGS IN FRANKLIN AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.

Gleaned From Our Exchanges—The News of the Cumberland Valley and Southern Pennsylvania, With a Few From Bevond Mason & Dixon's.

For the crime of whispering in church a little girl of Portsmouth, Ohio, was recently sent to jail for ten days and fined $5.40.

The Secretary of State Thursday received a cablegram from the United States Minister at Port-au-Prince, Hayti, announcing the death of President Hippolyte.

The Greencastle Press says: Mrs. Jesse H. Mitten who has been quite sick and confined to her room for several weeks past, we are pleased to note, is con valescent.

Governor and Mrs. Hastings will tender a reception to the First Defenders' association at the executive mansion on the afternoon of April 18, on its way to Washington.

The sheriff has closed the Carlisle Manufacturing works. The company is said to have lost heavily on the large order for freight cars recently filled for a Cuban railroad.

Many of the boys from the Carlisle Indian school have left for their country homes for the summer season. The girls will leave on April 2 for the various farms throughout the state.

Governor Morton, of New York, has signed the Raines liquor tax bill. The bill, which was violently opposed by the liquor interests is designed to bring about a radical reform of the excise laws.

Emperor William, of Germany, rec

The Franklin Review.

H. H. WOODAL,
Editor and Publisher.

THE REVIEW will be issued every Thursday from the Office, West Market Street, Chambersburg, Pa.

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THE FRANKLIN REVIEW.

THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1896.

VOTERS OF Pennsylvania will next November elect 30 Congressmen, 25 State Senators, 264 Assemblymen, besides help elect the President and Vice President of the United States. The legislature chosen will elect a United States Senator. The local tickets in many of the counties will also be quite large as the one in Franklin, for instance.

A REPUBLICAN exchange not far away is of the opinion that the attempt to commit the Republican party to the gold money standard in the platform to be evolved at St. Louis, will result in alluring the party to its decline and fall. The party has always stood organically, for bimetallism, and plain people are asking what new light has dawned to cause a retrogression. Why a gold standard anyhow?

"EVADING THE ISSUE."

Under the above caption the Philadelphia Public Ledger scores those partisan leaders and would-be-leaders who are ever ready to yield principle to expediency. The scoring these gentlemen received is richly merited and if the papers throughout the country were as frank in speaking the truth about the politicians it would be better for both parties and for the country:

The disposition of politicians to evade expression of opinion on the financial question was never more clearly exhibited than in the proceedings of the Republican convention of New Hampshire. Senator Chandler is known as a bold, aggressive man, yet he was the leader in an attempt to straddle the silver question. Nothing weaker than the part of his speech relating to the currency has been given out by any man of national reputation. He said, among other things:

"Our victory will also mean the settlement of the currency question. Precisely in what way it will be settled, I have no right positively to assert. This convention may utter its views; the National convention will lay down its platform, the President and Congress to be elected will carry out the national principles. For my own part I may be permitted to say that I am against the gold monometallism of President Cleveland, Secretary Carlisle, and their faction of the Democratic party. I am also opposed to the other extreme—namely, the unlimited coinage at this time, by the United States alone, of silver bullion. I am in favor of that bimetallism to which all parties have been hitherto pledged, and to which the Republican party is especially pledged, and which means that silver shall be restored, at the proper ratio, to be the equal of gold for all purposes, to be equal with gold upon the well-known system of bimetallism, the measure of the world's values."

Translated into plain English, Mr. Chandler appears to be opposed to the gold standard, but in favor of the currency as it exists today, which is based on the gold standard, silver being subsidiary. His other remarks are unintelligible, except that they are evidently framed to please the silver men by their endorsement of bimetallism—with reservations. But the silver men have been fooled by these "glittering generalities" before, and Senator Teller is prepared to require every Republican who favors bimetallism to define what he means by that term. Senator Teller means the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at 16 to 1. Senator Chandler, in so far as he expresses any opinion on the subject, wants silver restored, at the proper ratio, to be the equal of gold. This proper ratio would be about 30 or 32 to 1 and would not by any means be satisfactory to the silver Senators.

The Convention, following the lead of Senator Chandler, was also non-committal. It declares in favor of

"The enactment of currency laws that will provide a circulating medium in gold, silver and paper which will always be interchangeable at its face value, because each and every dollar of it is of the same purchasing power as a gold dollar."

This purpose can be attained only with gold as the standard and a limited circulation of subsidary silver and paper; so that the declaration is in effect for a gold standard, but it is intended to be understood that way only by sound money men, and to hold out to the silver men the delusive hope that those who have thus expressed themselves will favor the free coinage of silver. One need not seek far for proof that this plank was intended to deceive. Hon F. W. Rollins offered a substitute, declaring for gold monometallism, but the Convention rejected it by an emphatic vote. Yet it was argued in the Convention that the platform declaration was a definite and clear expression of Republican faith and belief in sound money.

In keeping with such juggling with words was the action of the convention on the candidates for the Republican nomination for the Presidency. The convention endorsed both McKinley and Reed, declaring that the electoral vote of New Hampshire would be given to any nominee who worthily represents the party, but that Mr. Reed or Mr. McKinley would be preferred, as "either is in himself a platform." Just at present Mr. Reed is on a gold platform and Mr. McKinley is doing his best to straddle the financial question, but the Republicans of New Hampshire, having no opinions in the matter they dare to express before the meeting of the St. Louis Convention, would be happy with either for a candidate and any kind of a platform!

In sharp contrast with the feeble utterance of the New Hampshire Convention is the declaration of the Manufacturers' Club of this city, adopted by an almost unanimous vote. That declaration is in these words:

"Resolved, That the question of bimetallism can be permanently settled only through an international agreement, and that the Manufacturers' Club declares its unalterable opposition to the free coinage of silver by the United States alone, firmly believing that such a policy would result in disaster at home and dishonor abroad, and would only operate to place this country upon the basis of silver monometallism."

Some of the silver men have been trying to derive comfort from the wording of this resolution, because it hints at a possibility of reaching bimetallism through international agreement, and they are welcome to all the comfort they can get from that concession. It is quite unnecessary for the most radical gold monometallist to discuss a question so remote as that of establishing bimetallism by international agreement. It is quite sufficient for the present to have the manufacturers of Philadelphia declare emphatically their unalterable opposition to the free coinage of silver by the United States alone, in the belief that such policy would result in disaster at home and dishonor abroad, and would only operate to place this country upon the basis of silver monometallism.

Some of the frank silver men, like Senator Teller, do not hesitate to say that their purpose is to establish the silver standard. They are not, in fact, bimetallists, but silver monometallists. Only yesterday Senator Teller remarked that the only way to meet Asiatic competition was to adopt the same standard as they use (which is silver)—and then we have no doubt we should get down to an Asiatic standard of living, if not of wages.

To avert this evil the business men of the country must not only declare for sound money, but insist that the political leaders of all parties shall cease their juggling with words, and stand out manfully for some definite financial policy. Doubt is almost as bad as a certainty of evil. When the country elects the next President it should know positively whether he is or is not in favor of the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 by the United States acting independently.

He Missed a Good Chance.

It was a pathetic sight yesterday afternoon to see Judge S. Z. Hawbecker of Williamson on our streets with form bent as much as its rotundity would permit, looking down at his toes or just ahead of them with an air of sadness on his countenance and a big scab on the side of his nose or cheek, we forget which; but it was sadder to hear him tell how he had lost hundreds of dollars because he had a man in sight who wanted to borrow a big sum of money on good security for a number of years, but, unfortunately Judge Hawbecker didn't have the cash at his command just then, to loan.

This reminded us of another gentleman whom we knew back in the '50's who had a lot of very fine cattle and sold them at a certain price and when another buyer came round after the cattle had gone but who had seen them in clover to their flanks before they were sold offered a larger price for them. The former owner spent some time and serious thought in figuring out how much he had lost in selling them to the first buyer. However, Judge Hawbecker is a gentleman of "infinite resource" and what he missed this time he will probably make up in the future, and no matter how big his good luck may be we wish it to him.

Moving Scenes.

Many people in and near Chambersburg are changing their residence this spring. For several days our streets have been quite crowded with "flittings" of people that were moving from one part of town to another or with those who were moving into or out of town. It is the same way in the surrounding country. On nearly every road there have been frequent meetings of teams going in opposite directions. By the close of the week all this will have quieted down, and our people will be domiciled in their new homes and thinking of getting ready for their spring gardening and other work. Tuesday morning five 4-horse teams went up South Main street loaded with household goods, lambs, chickens, etc. The destination was the southern end of town or beyond its limits where the goods were unloaded and a new home established.

Captain Mackey For Senior Vice Commander.

It has been customary at state encampments of the G. A. R. in Pennsylvania, to elect a member of one of the Posts in the town in which the encampment is held to one of the Department offices. Capt. W. H. H. Mackey, of Housum Post, is a candidate for Senior Vice Commander, and has received the hearty and unanimous endorsement of his Post. He was a gallant soldier, and ever since the war has been the soldiers' friend. He is competent for the position and worthy of it. The Cumberland Valley, so far as we can learn, has never had a Department officer, and inasmuch as it has many capable, worthy ex-soldiers living within its borders, it should be recognized. There should be no opposition to Captain Mackey and we hope there will be none

TOWN AND TOWNSHIP.

The Events of the County as Chronicled by "Review" Correspondents—Summary of the Week's News.

CONCORD.

Miss Jennie Neely, Juniata county, is the guest of Miss Lizzie Pomeroy.

Rev. F. W. Curry, pastor of High street M. E. church, Williamsport, is visiting friends in this place.

Newton Donnelly and Edgar Johns were in Chambersburg last week to hear Sousa's concert.

Rev. D. F. Kapp and wife, Birmingham, visited their parents here last week.

The M. E. conference returned Rev. C. W. Karns to the Concord charge.

Dr. W. C. Schultz and Jas. Johns made a business trip to the county seat on Monday.

T. S. Moorhead and family spent Sunday in town.

John Russell made sale on Monday and will move his family to Clearfield county.

Miss Ella McKim is attending Dry Run academy.

The Big Spring Presbytery will meet in the United Presbyterian church in this place April 21-22.

Dr. S. M. Brown is home again and has resumed the practice of medicine.

George Morrison moved his family from New Germantown to Jas. Kelly's property near town. Mr. Kelly moved to the Mitchell property on Water street.

S. B. Donnelly, Brooklyn, visited his parents near town last week. Mr. Donnelly is a printer and works on the Record and Guide in New York.

SYLVAN.

John Zimmerman died March 23, 1896, aged 82 years and 10 days. He was born March 13, 1814. He was taken sick on his birthday with pneumonia and died on the tenth day of his illness. He was a member of the M. E. church and a true christian. He will be greatly missed. All his children reside in the west except Seth J. Zimmerman merchant in Sylvan and Mrs. George Fritz.

Life is over, death is sweet,
Rest has come to thy weary feet.
Calm and still, no wild alarm
Stirs the heart so sweetly charmed.

Gently fold his wasted hands,
Smooth the hair in silver bands
O'er the brow where lines of care
Time has wrought so gently fair.

Weary grew his eyes and dim,
Longing every day for Him,
While he watched and waited here
For the angels' greeting cheer.

Oft, when worn with grief and pain,
Could we feel his touch again.
It would calm the aching brow
But no sign he heedeth now.

When we sink in death's last sleep
Other eyes the watch must keep
O'er his children's dreamless bed,
Other eyes the tears must shed.

But we would not call him back
More to tread life's dusty track.
He hath done his life work well
And has gone to heaven to dwell.

*

SCOTLAND.

Mrs. H. A. Bitner, Mrs. John G. Youst and Mrs. W. L. Craig, of our village, who have recently been very ill are now rapidly recovering.

The commission of the Industrial school have hit upon a plan of discipline which is having a salutary effect; whenever a boy shows a disposition to wantonly disobey the rules of the institution and refuses to yield to discipline, they promptly dismiss such a one and furnish him with transportation to his home. The result has been the weeding out of an element that has kept the school in a state of ferment for some time, and now everything is progressing finely and the teachers are able to do better work without so much discipline.

The election of Alexander Stewart as chairman of the Republican county committee seems to meet with general favor among Republicans here.

There was a good deal of moving about Scotland Tuesday and they just struck the right day as the first of April was rainy.

LURGAN.

The examination for common school diplomas for Lurgan township was held in Roxbury on March 21. The examination was conducted by D. C. Rolar and J. E. Fortna, teachers, and W. H. Stewart, director. The following persons were examined and have since received diplomas: Miss Jessie Clippinger, Miss Minnie Stayman, J. C. Freet and Thomas Faust. The directors met on the same day and settled with the teachers.

Our Lurgan blacksmith, Mr. Albert Holtry, is moving to Orrstown on Thursday next. This will leave our place without a blacksmith again. A good opening for some industrious person who wants to start up in this line of business.

QUINCY.

Our neighbor and friend, D. B. Brown, moved from the William Harshman farm Thursday last to the farm of Aaron B. Good at Millbrook. Mr. Brown was a good neighbor and we are very sorry to see him move from among us.

The attempt has been told of to wreck a special train from Chambersburg to Waynesboro after the Sousa concert and the removal of a number of ties from the track in time to prevent any damage. The man who discovered the pile of ties and removed them is Otho Lucket, a Frick Company employe who lives in Mrs. A. S. Monn's tenant house, near Quincy. He is an industrious young man and deserving of much praise for his action in preventing what might have been a frightful wreck and possible loss of life. We believe the railroad company will appreciate his action by remembering him accordingly.

The peach crop in the township, so far as our examination has been made, is reported very promising. Only two persons have we heard say that the peaches in their orchards were frozen; they are E. C. Fitz and Isaiah Kauffman, but when the proper time comes for the luscious fruit to ripen we believe they will surely have enough for a peach potpie.

Mrs. Leah (or Granny) Gessaman is lying dangerously ill at her home at Fox Hill with pneumonia. She cannot live longer than a few days, it is said.

The members of the Pigeon Hill singing class, composed of Quincy township's most prominent young ladies and gentlemen, will hold their closing exercises at the schoolhouse Saturday evening next. They will give a concert, the program of which will consist of vocal and instrumental music of a special character There are about 45 scholars in the class, of which Prof. H. S. Speck is leader. He is among the ablest instructors we have in the community. A small admission fee will be charged and all well-disposed persons are invited to attend. We wish them a pleasant evening.

D. W. T.

Ex-President Harrison left Indianapolis Tuesday afternoon for New York, where he is to be married next Monday.

FIRST OF APRIL BUSINESS.

Court House Offices, Banks and Lawyers All Very Busy.

Inquiry at the office of the Register and Recorder brought the information that the business of that office had not for years been so light as this year. The purchases or exchanges of real estate are smaller than for many years.

At the Prothonotary's office it was ascertained that many judgments are being satisfied and comparatively few are entered. This is a matter of surprise, as business is generally more stagnant this spring than it has been for years at this season.

At the office of Clerk of the Courts Grove, everything seemed to be more than usually quiet. The gentlemen in that office are not busier now than they are at other seasons of the year.

There seems to be but little demand for money except for temporary loans from the banks. There are many thousands of dollars waiting borrowers who can give good real estate security, at a low rate of interest.

Though times are really dull from a business point of view, there has not, for many years, been a time when loans could be had at a lower rate of interest.

Both our banks have large surpluses on hand from which they are ready to negotiate loans if the security is satisfactory.

There seems to be no want of capital; the only trouble is, there seems to be no promising opening for the large amount of money lying idle in our banks.

Notwithstanding the drizzle of rain during the day, many flittings were seen on our streets yesterday, April 1, and most of the goods were conveyed in uncovered wagons, still there was little complaining and the discomforts caused by the rain were referred to in a jocular way. Everybody seemed to accept the condition of the weather philosophically on the principle of "what can't be cured must be endured."

Though there was but little pressing business about the court house there was a goodly number of people in town. It was noticed that the fellows who smoke cigarettes, wear loud neckties, heavy finger rings and the latest styles in material and cut of clothes, were not very numerous among those who satisfied or entered judgments, or who loaned or borrowed money.

While there was a business stir in all the offices in the court house there was nothing exciting or panicky notwithstanding the fact that business has rarely been quieter in Chambersburg than it is now.

In regard to the business of April 1, our statements need to be revised as to the afternoon. Notwithstanding the unfavorable weather there were many people in town. The offices in the court house were crowded as were both banks. It is to be noted that the visitors in town were of substantial character. They were not of the kind that came in to have some fun but were on business bent. In the crowd were a few women, some accompanied by their husbands and others by other relatives. Nearly all were of the class that were looking for investments, or were present to receive payments of interest or other income from their investments.

Summing up, it was a busy day. There was not so much borrowing as in some other years. The money handed over in payment of claims exceeded by far the amount sought by borrowers. This would seem to indicate that times are good, money being plenty, but it is not so. Times are best for all classes when there is a demand by loans for the money that usually lies idle in our banks.

Those who have good real estate security can get all the money they want at 5 per cent. or less, but even at these rates there is little call for ready money. There is a feeling that things are unsettled, and those who might, if times were booming, feel like borrowing money for speculative or business purposes, are timid and seem to feel that it is safer to be still and gain nothing rather than run risks with the uncertain prospect of making big gains.

General Hancock's Bronze Statue.

The bronze statue of Gen. Hancock is now being put in position in the small park at Pennsylvania Avenue and Seventh street, Washington, D. C. The statue, which was modeled by Henry J. Ellicott of that city, and cast by the Gorham Company, at Providence, R. I., is in fourteen parts, which are being put together, and the whole work will be completed in the course of a week.

The figures are of heroic size, and the entire work has cost $49,000, all of which has been appropriated by Congress. The other statues erected in Washington have been paid for by contributions. Congress in some cases having appropriated money for the pedestals. It is proposed to have elaborate ceremonies at the unveiling of the Hancock Statue about May 1, and a bill will be introduced in the House next week making an appropriation of $5,000 for expenses of the demonstration.

Near-by posts of the Grand Army of the Republic and all the regular troops and State militia organizations within reasonable distance will be invited to participate in the ceremonies.

$18,000 Appropriated For Monuments at Antietam.

The House of Representatives committee on appropriations completed on Thursday afternoon of last week the sundry civil appropriation bill and will report it to the House at once.

The bill appropriates $18,000 for the Antietam and other neighboring battlefields. The item reads: "For completing the work of locating, preserving and marking the positions of troops and lines of battle of the Union and Confederate armies at Antietam and closely related battlefields of Harper's Ferry, South Mountain Crampton's Gap and Shepherdstown; the said lines and positions to be marked with cast-iron tablets, each bearing a brief historical legend compiled without praise and without censure; for the improvement of roads owned by the United States at Antietam; for monuments of cannon balls and bases therefor to mark the localities where six general officers were killed; for completing the observatory towers; for guide posts; for preparing maps indicating the movements and positions of troops engaged in the battles and in the Antietam campaign, and for services and material incidental to the foregoing."

The death of an aged married couple within a few hours of each other is not rare, but it is always an incident full of tender sentiment. Such an instance was furnished last week in Corry, where Mrs. Parthenia Franklin died on Tuesday, and her husband, Dr. D. D. Franklin, aged 83 years, followed her in death the next day. They had been married 56 years. S. J. Franklin, of Warren, is their only child living, and buried his parents in one grave at Fredonia, N. Y., their former home.

AFTER THE FIRE.

Merchants Endeavoring to Get Ready for Business—The "Register" Office Re-established.

Work has begun on the White building in which the fire occurred last week as told of in the REVIEW. The walls were examined and pronounced undamaged by the fire. There will be no change in the structure of the building, but it will be restored as before, except that the partitions, girders, etc., will be strengthened.

The insurance companies have sent on their adjusters and the amount of damage has been agreed upon, we understand, on a basis satisfactory to all parties, and the losses as estimated will be paid promptly.

J. H. Dechert has had his goods removed from his room. On Tuesday he sent wagon loads of ready-made clothing that had been soaked with water, out to be dried. The condition of things in W. O. Appenzellar's room is pitiful to see—water dripping from piles of dry goods and falling slowly upon the floor where it stands in puddles until swept out—boxes of notions of many kinds limp and out of shape, the contents of these and many rolls of dry goods being utterly valueless.

C. P. Miller's room is closed and he is doing business in a temporary way in Mrs. Gillan's building on South Main street nearly opposite the Indian Queen hotel.

The Register office has been moved to a commodious room in the second floor of the woolen mill and much of the material has already been taken there. The job presses are ruined as is much of their large stock of type. Many of the cabinets are also worthless from being crushed by the heavy timbers of the building and damaged by water.

There is much sympathy with all the sufferers from the fire, and admiration for the backbone of the men who accept their losses so philosophically.

Contractor Monath has his men busy at work restoring the building. There is much cleaning away of rubbish still to be done before the work of rebuilding can properly be said to have begun. Immediately after the fire it was talked on the streets that Mr. White would tear down the walls to the ground and erect a strong and imposing building that would make a very attractive appearance. To restore the building will take less time, however, and will cost less money, and as the tenants need their rooms badly the sooner the building is ready for occupancy the better.

The Work of Our Firemen is Appreciated.

The gallant work of our firemen in conquering the flames in the White building last Thursday morning, and saving the adjoining properties is very heartily commended by all the citizens of Chambersburg. The boys were remarkably prompt and efficient in this instance as they have been in all others for years past. Truly they are the protectors of our town and they have the gratitude of all our people. While all did well it is a special pleasure to us to say that Chief Engineer J. H. Dechert did his work so well in directing the efforts of the firemen and being so quick to see what was needed and so prompt in having it done. His stock of clothing and furnishing goods is ruined, but he unselfishly allowed it to go and directed his efforts toward saving the building or keeping the fire from spreading.

On Friday Mr. Dechert received a letter as follows:

J. H. Dechert, Chief Engineer Fire Department:

DEAR SIR:—Appreciating the grand work of the Chambersburg Fire Department on the morning of the 26th inst., we beg to enclose herewith our mite which we ask you to please distribute pro rata among the different fire companies of town.

We are yours truly,
LORTZ & WOLFINGER.

The "mite" was a check for $60.

There are as much intelligence and courage needed in a fireman as in a soldier, the labors of the former are as dangerous as and often more arduous than those of the latter, and Chambersburg's firemen have proved that they rank among the best, whether on parade drill or on more serious duty.

List of Jurors.

The following are the names of grand and traverse jurors drawn for April term 1896, commencing on the 4th Monday, being the 27th day of the month:

GRAND JURORS.

Brown, Wm. H., gent, Waynesboro.
Binkley, David I., farmer, Antrim.
Burk, John, farmer, Metal.
Bechtel, W. A., laborer, Greencastle.
Croft, Frank, clerk, Chambersburg.
Christmas, Jacob, farmer, St. Thomas.
Clippinger, S. W., farmer, Hamilton.
Fleagle, J. H., farmer, Washington.
Greenawalt, Chas., merchant, Waynesqoro.
Homer, D. W., dentist, Greencastle.
Hockenberry, Frank, merchant, Fannett.
Harrison, Thomas, farmer, St. Thomas.
Johnston, James, farmer, Southampton.
Kirkpatrick, E. N., farmer, Fannett.
Leisher, Daniel S., gent, Waynesboro.
Morganthall, Chas. E., machinist, Waynesboro.
Nicodemus, D. O., farmer, Washington.
Nimmon, John S., Jr., farmer, Metal.
Peiffer, Lewis, blacksmith, Chambersburg.
Rotz, Benjamin, farmer, Lurgan.
Speck, Samuel S., farmer, Montgomery.
Summers, Martin, laborer, Quincy
Williams, Harry, farmer, Warren.
Zullinger, John A., merchant, Southampton.

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Benedict, Daniel, farmer, Peters.
Bandt, A. F., farmer, Guilford.
Bushman, John, engineer, Quincy.
Bohrer, Geo. W., farmer, Montgomery.
Brown, John W., gent, Washington.
Conrad, William, farmer, Quincy.
Carbaugh, George, gent, Washington.
Cook, George H., farmer, Antrim.
Christ, Adam, merchant, Chambersburg.
Dutro, Chas. E., farmer, Washington.
Eberly, David, farmer, Southampton.
Eberly, H. E., farmer, St. Thomas.
Fortna, C. K., farmer, Hamilton.
Frantz, Willis W., gent, Waynesboro.
Foglesonger, John, farmer, Southampton.
Grove, Abram L., farmer, Greencastle.
Gabler, David E., mechanic, Letterkenny.
Gluck, John H., clerk, Peters.
Greenawalt, Davidson, farmer, Hamilton.
Hade, David, farmer, Quincy.
Hoover, J. F., farmer, St. Thomas.
Harglerode, Wm. H., huckster, Greene.
Hays, D. W., Justice Peace, Montgomery.
Hartman, Samuel, farmer, Quincy.
Johnston, John A., farmer, Washington.
Koontz, Chas F., machinist, Waynesboro.
Kling, Jesse, blacksmith, Fannett.
Leidig, Cyrus, farmer, Greene.
Lippy, Henry, mechanic, Chambersburg.
McCurdy, James, superintendent, Metal.
McCleary, Geo. W., farmer, Quincy.
McVitty, Joseph, farmer, Fannett.
Mowry, William, mechanic, Lurgan.
Mower, Peter, farmer, Peters.
Myers, W. C., farmer, Montgomery.
Orr, Alexander, gent, Fannett.
Porterfield, Geo., moulder, Chambersburg.
Rice, William M., farmer, Metal.
Shatzer, Geo. W., laborer, Hamilton.
Stottlemyer, James, farmer, Washington.
Sowers, Albert, merchant, Greene.
Shields, J. A., farmer, Fannett.
Sherk, A. Lincoln, merchant, Chambersburg.
Shoemaker, Luther, sawyer, Letterkenny.
Small, E. J., gent, Quincy.
Wolff, Wm. D., farmer, Fannett.
Wilson, Jeremiah M., laborer, Fannett.
Woods, J. F., merchant, Lurgan.

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Butts, Thos. J., laborer, Southampton.
Bittinger, Adam, carpenter, Greene.
Brindle, Ira, merchant, Peters.
Bady, John, barber, Chambersburg.
Brumbaugh, John K., farmer, Antrim.
Brindle, Lincoln, farmer, Peters.
Burger, Chas. C., dealer, Antrim.
Clugston, John A., carpenter, Quincy.
Cline, Robert S., carpenter, Southampton.
Durboraw, Thos. R., dentist, Chambersburg.
Detwiler, Martin, farmer, St. Thomas.
Dubrey, Thos. R., farmer, Peters.
Elliott, Adam S., merchant, Greencastle.
Elliott, Frank, gent, Chambersburg.
Funk, Jacob S., painter, Waynesboro.
Gerbig, J. C., gent, Chambersburg.
Graham, R. C., carpenter, St. Thomas.
Greenawalt, H. L., farmer, Greene.
Hamsher, B. Y., gent, Chambersburg.
Hade, John, farmer, Quincy.
Hege, Benjamin, farmer, Greene.
Herr, Charles, miller, Southampton.
Hollar, Anthony, gent, Chambersburg.
Huber, Grant, farmer, Letterkenny.
Kuhn, J. M., druggist, Mercersburg.
Lenherr, Henry, merchant, Hamilton.
Metz, John S., farmer, Quincy.
McAfee, James R., gent, Mercersburg.
Mullen, George, miller, Guilford.
Miller, William, farmer, Greene.
McNeal, William, farmer, Guilford.
Powell, Michael M., huckster, Southampton.
Ritter, Paul J., farmer, Quincy.
Rodenhafer, Henry, laborer, Chambersburg.
Rexroth, Adam, farmer, Letterkenny.
Sollenberger, J. J., farmer, Guilford.
Sackman, Samuel, laborer, Chambersburg.
Whitmer, D. L., farmer, Montgomery.
Whitherspoon, John W., farmer, Guilford.

GENERAL NEWS NOTES

Clipped and Condensed From Our Exchanges.

Under the Raines liquor law in New York, which prohibits free lunches in saloons, customers now buy lunch and are given a check for a drink.

The official figures of Government receipts and expenditures for March will show a deficit for the month of $1,250,000 and for the year to date of $19,000,000.

A Chicago despatch says that twice within the past two weeks an attempt has been made to abduct the 8-year-old grandson of Madame Modjeska, the actress.

The National Women's Christian Temperance Union has telegraphed congratulations to Speaker Reed for enforcing the rule against smoking in the house of representatives.

James and Frank Tillman and Lucy Law were killed and two others were injured, Monday, by a fall of rock from the mountain side at Echo, a West Virginia mining town.

The joint committee of the senate and house having charge of matters relating to the Pacific railroads on Saturday began the work of framing a bill looking to the settlement of the indebtedness of those roads.

Alvin M. Stone, an old farmer near Akron, Ohio, and his wife were butchered in their beds by a masked man late Saturday night. Ira Stiilson, a hired man, and two daughters of Mr. Stone, were beaten into unconsciousness. The murderer escaped.

In 1830 President Jackson appointed James McGee postmaster at Chest Mills, Clearfield county, and the position has been held continuously since by some member of the family. At the death of James McGee he was succeeded by his son, Thomas A., who was succeeded by his wife, Mary. At her death, William, her son, was installed. They have all been Jacksonian Democrats.

Chambersburg Markets.

CHAMBERSBURG, Thursday, April 2, 1896.

No. 1. Longberry	.70	Butter	14
No. 1. Foltz	.70	Eggs	09
No. 2. of any kind	.68	Lard	05
Oats	.20	Tallow	09
Rye, new	.40	Bacon-hams	06
Corn	.30	Bacon-shoulder	05
Timothy	1.20	Bacon-sides	10
Clover seed	3.50	Peaches-pared	05
Timothy hay	11.00	Peaches-unpared	
Onions	.35	Cherries-pitted	07
Potatoes	.25	Dried Apples	
Vinegar	.10	Beans	.$1.22

Philadelphia Markets.

Wednesday, April 1, 1896.

WHEAT.—No. 2 Penna. red, 78.
CORN.—No. 2 yellow, 37; No. 2 mixed, 35¼ Steamer, 34.
OATS.—No. 2 white, 26¾; No. 3 white, 24¾.
FEED.—Bran, $13.50@$14.00 per ton.
HAY AND STRAW.—Timothy, choice, $16.50@17.00. No. 1 mixed clover, 12.50@$13; Rye straw $16.50.
TALLOW.—Prime country, in bbls., 3½.
FLOUR.—Pennsylvania roller, clear $3.40@3.55; straight, $3.60@3.75 per bbl. Buckwheat flour, $1.15@$1.25 per 100 pounds; rye flour, $2.60 per barrel.
BUTTER.—Prints, fancy, 23c.; prime, 17@20.
EGGS.—Pennsylvania, fresh, 11½@12c.
POULTRY.—Live fowls, hens, 10@10½c; dressed 10@13c.; dressed turkeys 11@15.
POTATOES.—Prime, 20 to 28c. per bushel.

LIVE STOCK.

BEEF CATTLE.—Extra, — —; Good, 4¼@4½; Medium, 3¾@4¼; Common, 3¼@3¾.
SHEEP.—Extra, 4¾@4¾; Good, 3½@3¾; Medium, 3@3¼; Common 2¼@2¾; Lambs, 3½@5¼.
HOGS.—Good Western, 6¼@6½; other grades, 5½@5¾.
FAT COWS.—2¼@3¼.
MILCH COWS.—$20@$40.
THIN COWS.—$8@$15.
VEAL CALVES.—3¾@7.
DRESSED BEEVES.—5½@7½.

Baltimore Markets.

Wednesday, April 1, 1896.

WHEAT.—No. 2 red, 75; No. 2 steamer red, 73.
CORN.—Southern white 35; do. yellow 35½.
OATS.—No. 2 white, 26½@27; No. 3 white, —@26; ungraded, 23@25.
RYE.—No. 2 nearby, 42½; western, 46.
FEED.—Bran, 14.50; middlings, $13@13.50.
BUTTER.—Fancy creamery, —@25c.; Penna prints, 13@14; ladle-packed, 10@17.
EGGS.—Fresh, 11@11½c.
POULTRY.—Live fowls, young chickens, 12@15; hens, 8½@9; ducks, 13@14; turkeys, 11@13; Dressed fowls, chickens, 9@12; ducks, 14@15; turkeys, 16@17.
HAY.—Timothy, $15.50@16; clover, $10@12. mixed, $12@14; Rye straw, $13@14.50.

CATTLE MARKET.

BEEF CATTLE.—Extra, $4.15@4.50; good, $4@4.25; medium, $3@3.25; thin cattle $2@2.55.
HOGS.—Nearby, $4.40@4.60; roughs, $3@3.75.
SHEEP.—Sheep, 2@3¾; lambs, 5¼@4¾.
MILCH COWS.—Prices ranged from $20@40.

CANDIDATES' ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

P. HEEFNER.

I announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner of Franklin county, subject to the rules governing Democratic county conventions. I respectfully ask the support of my party.

P. HEEFNER,
Chambersburg, Pa.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Fred. I. Dimler, late of Chambersburg, dec'd., have been granted to Mary Dimler of the same place. All persons therefore indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them without delay.

MARY DIMLER,
mar.5-6t. Administratrix.

PROCLAMATION.—To the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and Constables of the county of Franklin:—Whereas the Honorable John Stewart, President Judge of the 39th Judicial District, composed of the county of Franklin, has issued his precept for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and a Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, at Chambersburg, for the county of Franklin, to begin the fourth Monday of April, 1896, being the twenty-seventh day of the month, to continue two weeks: You and each of you are then and there to appear in your proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with your records, inquisitions, recognizances, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which to your several offices appertain to be done.

Given under my hand at Chambersburg the 30th day of December, A. D., 1895.

S. G. GREENAWALT,
High Sheriff.

VALLEY NATIONAL BANK.

CHAMBERSBURG, PA., March 25, 1896.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, a dividend of three (3) per centum for the six months ending March 31, was declared out of earnings for said period.

JOHN R. ORR,
Cashier.

VALUABLE MANUFACTURING PLANT AND FRANCHISES will be sold at public sale in Shippensburg, Pa., Tuesday, April 28, 1896, at 1 p. m. Plant consists of 13 acres of land, having erected thereon MACHINE SHOP, 110x32 feet; FOUNDRY, 42x58 feet; SMITH SHOP, 46x32 feet; PATTERN SHOP, 46x32 feet. All one-story brick buildings nearly new. A never-failing stream of about 40 horse-power furnishes the motive power. Shops are equipped with machinery, patterns and appliances for the manufactnre of the celebrated Metcalfe engines, 3 to 35 horse-power. Plant located at Shippensburg, Cumberland county, Pa., 41 miles south of Harrisburg, Pa., on the lines of the Cumberland Valley, Western Maryland and Philadelphia and Reading Railroads, and connected by siding.

NOTE.—A portion of buildings and machinery have been damaged by fire. This property must be sold and affords a rare opportunity to establish a profitable business.

For further particulars call on or address,
GEO. H. STEWART,
JOHN L. BARNER,
H. R. HAWK,
Committee.

PRIVATE SALE OF A DESIRABLE COUNTRY HOME, one mile from Fannettsburg. Twenty-eight and a half acres good slate land. Recently limed.

NEW WEATHERBOARD HOUSE, six rooms, built six years ago. Pleasant location. A well of excellent water at the door. Good stable and other buildings. A small orchard. Public road passes; good neighbors; limestone convenient. A beautiful stream near the buildings. Nineteen acres mountain land within a mile of farm. Price moderate.

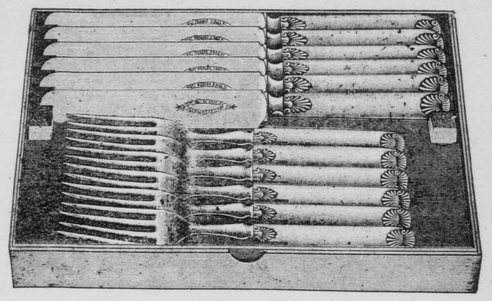
MRS. ELIZABETH BARCLAY.

THE BIGGEST AND BEST SALE OF THE SEASON.—National hotel stables, Chambersburg, Pa., Saturday, April 4th. All last week spent in Illinois has enabled Mr. Zullinger to buy the finest load of western horses seen in the Cumberland Valley for many a month. The greatest care and plenty of time was spent in selecting them and our patrons will find them up to a high standard. The load is a fine lot and comprises some extra workers and drivers with others for general purposes. They come right in time for spring work, and all who want a good horse for any purpose will do well to wait for this sale.

Come to see the horses on Friday. They will be worth seeing and you can make a better selection.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m., when terms will be made known by

GREENAWALT & ZULLINGER.



GEO. W. LUDWIG,
Jeweler,
Chambersburg, Pa.

Ludwig's Table Ware is without a peer. Our experience of 20 years has taught us that the best is always the cheapest. The above cut illustrates our New Shell Pattern, Highest grade Table Ware on the market. Per set as above, **$5.00.** Other styles at **$3.00** per set.

Special Prices.

Men's	F-Kip	Boot,	-	-	now	$1.49		
"	Light	"	"	-	-	"	1.90	were	$2.25
Boy's	F-	"	"	-	-	"	1.20	"	1.50
"	"	"	"	-	-	"	1.50	"	2.00
Youth's	"	"	"	-	-	"	1.00	"	1.25

Women's	Kangaroo Calf Polish	-	now	$1.25	were $1.50
"	" " Button	-	"	1.25	" 1.50
"	Oil Grain Button (best quality)		"	1.25	" 1.50
"	" " Polish	"	"	1.25	" 1.50
"	A-Calf	"	-	.85	" 1.00

And lots of other goods too numerous to mention, to make room for Spring and Summer goods. Now is the time to take advantage of these popular prices.

61 South Main St.,
Chambersburg, Penn'a.

H. B. GANOE.

DO YOU NEED RED DAMASK?

We have a Bargain that is worth your earliest atttention. STRICTLY FAST RED, Beautiful Patterns, full width and especially cheap.

HOLLAR & NACE,
Cash Dry Goods and Notions.
55 N. Main St.

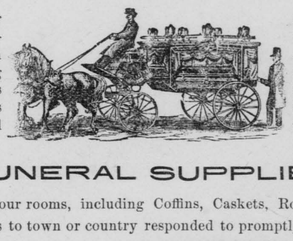
Below Cost

Our misfortune is your luck. On account of the warm weather we have a large stock of winter goods left and we shall sell them at cost and many articles below cost. Now is your time to buy clothing, boots, shoes, rubber boots, felt boots, overshoes, and everything in winter wear will be slaughtered in price, at the

Boston Clothing House.
Chambersburg, Pa.

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

WE OFFER our services to the people of Franklin County, promising work which is founded upon years of experience and careful study. The latest methods of scientific embalming employed, if requested, and satisfaction guaranteed. All lines of



FUNERAL SUPPLIES

Will be found at our rooms, including Coffins, Caskets, Robes, Emblems and Flowers. Calls to town or country responded to promptly, day or night.

Opposite Indian Queen Hotel.
Telephone Connection.

J. A. SELLERS & BRO.,
No.

The Franklin Review.

THURSDAY, APIRL 2, 1896.

A WORD IN PASSING.

Town and County Briefs With a Bit of Comment—Happenings of the Week and a Forecast of Coming Events.

A horse sold at public sale near Fairview, Md., for fifteen cents and a pair of breechbands, good as new, for ten cents.

Eleven shares of first preferred stock of the C. V. R. R. Co. sold in Carlisle for $90 per share and ten shares of common stock at $83 per share.

The Metcalfe works, Shippensburg, which have been idle since the fire of January 23, 1895, will be put up at public sale Tuesday, April 28.

The deposits at the banks on Tuesday and yesterday exceeded expectations. There is lots of money to loan at both institutions on good security.

Treasurer Stover was busy taking cash this week. Many people from all sections of the county sent in or called on him personally to pay their taxes.

The Cumberland Valley railroad company has arranged with the Franklin Electric company to use its lines between Chambersburg and Waynesboro.

It is our wish and hope that every reader of the REVIEW may enjoy the coming Easter season and understand its supremely important significance.

Twenty-six marriage licenses were issued by Clerk Grove, during the month of March. Six of the brides were under age and one of them is older than her husband.

A freight train on the W. M. R. R. broke while on the grade near Wilson College, Chambersburg, Sunday. Three cars and the cab cut loose but no damage was done.

The Ladies' Circle, G. A. R. of Pennsylvania, has secured the Central Presbyterian church in which to hold its sessions during encampment week in June next.

There was a brief session of court Monday. A number of deeds were confirmed and some other business was transacted which the near approach of the first of April made necessary.

R. M. Bradley, Geo. M. Stains, wife and children, of Middlesborough, Kentucky, attended the fiftieth wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. William Bradley of Saltillo, Huntingdon county.

I. F. Delaplaine, of Waynesboro, has no opposition this year for D. D. G. M., of the Odd Fellows lodges in this county. His election is unanimous. J. W. Gordon who had the office last year was not a candidate.

"Prof." Craig, who risked his life at Waynesboro last fall and at Hancock, Md., in the winter, will go "up in a balloon" in Waynesboro again on Saturday. It is to be hoped that no accident will befall him this time.

Mrs. E. T. Long in remitting subscription for a year to the REVIEW from Shirleysburg, Huntingdon county, says she likes the paper very much. Many other people express themselves in similar fashion, for which we are thankful.

The few snow banks along the streets did not prevent the robins from coming out strong on their spring choruses Tuesday and yesterday. Their songs were delightful and many pedestrians stopped to enjoy their sweet musical notes.

Rev. Edwin Heyl Delk will deliver the annual address to the Christian Endeavor society of Irving college, Mechanicsburg, on Sunday evening, June 7, and make the address before the students, faculty and friends on Saturday evening, June 6.

The physician in attendance upon Wm. Suvers, who was injured at the frog shops at Carlisle, some time since, amputated a portion of his foot last week. The injured man is in a critical condition and it will require some time for his recovery.

Winfield J. Barndollar, formerly of Martinsburg, Blair county, who was employed at the county treasurer's office in Pueblo, Colorado, was shot and killed by highwaymen while returning from his work on Friday night last. He was aged 46 years and leaves a family.

John W. Nusbaum, former proprietor of the hotel in Upper Strasburg, has purchased of James Geyer, of that place, a house and lot of ground upon private terms. Mr. Nusbaum moved upon his property yesterday and John R. Gabler took possession of the hotel as proprietor.

The spring session of the Shippensburg Normal opened Tuesday with a "full to overflowing" building. Dr. Barton, on Monday, was getting places in town for those who could not secure rooms in the building. Over one hundred new students will be matriculated this spring.

Amos J. Cummings, one of New York's most eminent congressmen, will deliver the Memorial Day oration at the Antietam National cemetery. Mr. Cummings was a private soldier in the war for the Union and is a prominent G. A. R. man. His address will be a treat to all who may be able to hear it.

John E. Felix was seriously injured while driving a dray across the C. V. tracks in Carlisle on Tuesday. A shifting engine run a coal car on the track while the wagon was crossing and crushed it. Felix escaped with painful but not dangerous injuries. He formerly resided in Chambersburg.

Chambersburg Lodge I. O. O. F., will celebrate the semi-centennial anniversary of its organization on Monday evening, the 20th inst., in Housum Post Hall by a banquet, addresses and music. The Lodge contains over 150 members, and it is desired that every one who can be, will be present. The occasion will be an enjoyable one.

William Barkdoll, who has many peach trees planted on the mountain side above Waynesboro, has sold the entire product of his orchards to two gentlemen in Waynesboro, Frank Benedict and S. A. Clevenger, for one dollar. The orchard covers 30 acres. The purchasers haven't much to lose and may make a nice thing out of their speculation.

The contract has been given by the Hagerstown street railway company to C. W. Lynch, J. A. Herman and William Jennings, of Harrisburg, to build the railway in Hagerstown with extensions to Williamsport and Funkstown. The contractors have given a bond for $350,000 as a guaranty that the road will be completed in five months.

D. W. Gipe has moved upon his fine farm at Markes. He has purchased a pair of fine heavy horses for farm work. The two handsome and light-footed sorrels that he has had for several years will be used for light draft purposes. He has recently purchased a fine carriage before which his handsome team will step along in fine style.

Rebecca C. Slaymaker, of Philadelphia, teacher of elocution and physical culture, will take pupils in Expression; classes limited to ten pupils. Terms: Five dollars for twenty class lessons. An introductory talk will be given in Housum Post room April 9, at 2 o'clock, where application for lessons can be made. All are invited to attend.

The largest life insurance policy ever issued to any one man in Maryland by any life insurance company in the world has just been issued to Mr. Robert S. Crawford, president of the Crawford Manufacturing Company in Hagerstown, for $300,000, by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, through Mr. C. F. Troup, executive special.

St. Thomas Council, No. 287, O. U. A. M., will have a public meeting Tuesday evening, April 14, when addresses will be delivered by H. O. Holstine, state councillor, Rev. J. T. Fleagal and others. The meeting will be held in Council Hall, St. Thomas, at 7 p. m. All members of the council and the public generally are invited to be present. See bills announcing the meeting.

The remains of Mrs. Hamlin, wife of Rev. Dr. B. B. Hamlin, were interred in Riverview cemetery, in Huntingdon on Wednesday afternoon of last week. Deceased was born in Taunton, Mass., March 12, 1832, and was married to Dr. Hamlin in 1853 at Staunton, Va. Her devoted husband and three children survive her, B. B. Hamlin, Jr., Harrisburg; Mrs. Dr. Geo. H. Ashman, Philipsburg, Pa., and Mrs. Harry Wikel, of Chicago.

The first Sunday collection of mail in Chambersburg will be made next Sunday under orders from the Post Office Department at Washington. The collection will be made at 6:00 p. m., and this only at the boxes in the central portion of the town. If collections are to be made at all we can see no reason why they should not be made from all the boxes in town, though it is hard to see, why any collections should be made on that day.

Miss Ellen Cooper, daughter of John M. Cooper, who was for many years connected with the newspaper business in Chambersburg, died at her parents' home in Martinsburg, Blair county, on Wednesday of last week. The remains were interred in Martinsburg but it is said they will be brought here later for interment in Cedar Grove cemetery. Miss Cooper was a bright, intelligent lady and will be sadly missed by a large circle of friends as well as by her own family.

A remarkable life insurance company is being organized in Philadelphia by the Second Adventists. R. H. Ramsey is the chief promoter of it. In a circular letter he says that the chief clause in every life insurance policy will be to the effect that when a man is caught up bodily into heaven the company must pay the policy to the insured man's heirs. Ramsey says the old line companies have discriminated against Second Adventists by failing to make such a provision.

The Children's Aid Society asks for Easter contributions for the occupants of the Home. There is no more worthy benevolent institution in the Cumberland Valley than this, and there should be prompt and liberal responses to the hint for supplies. The hospital also is in need of contributions suitable for such an institution. The needs are urgent and the occasion is suggestive. Those who have plenty should find real enjoyment in giving to such worthy causes.

Last week Proprietor Wesley, of the Montgomery House, began the erection of a large addition to his hotel. It will be an extension of the northern end of the hotel 60 feet back and 40 feet wide, of brick, three stories high. The first floor is to be used as a dining room, and the upper floors as sleeping apartments. The present dining room will be converted into sample rooms, with a lavatory on each of the three floors. Geo. A. Minnich is the contractor and will have the work completed in time for the G. A. R. encampment in June.

The officers elected by Chambersburg Lodge I. O. O. F., No. 175, Tuesday evening are as follows: U. G., P. C. Yost; V. G., J. W. Armstrong; Assistant Secretary, George Yost; Hall Keeper, S. E. Glass. As stated elsewhere the semi-centennial anniversary of the institution of the Lodge will be observed Monday evening, April 20, on which occasion Hon. T. M. Mahon, Prof. Samuel Gelwix and others will deliver addresses. A generous banquet will be served to all the members of the Lodge.

Sellers Brothers, undertakers, have moved their establishment from 16 West Market street to 165 South Main street, nearly opposite the Indian Queen Hotel. During the year that they have been in town they have had a fairly good business, and have won the respect of the people. They consider their new location a very suitable one, and there is no doubt that their business will increase in the year now beginning. They have on hand a large and varied stock, and they always give prompt attention to every call that comes to them. They have telephone service in their rooms.

J. Will Barbour and his bride arrived in Chambersburg Monday evening from their wedding tour. A cordial reception was tendered the happy pair at the home of Mr. Barbour's parents on Hazel street. Many friends were present to greet them on their return. From tables delightfully decorated with flowers, refreshments were served. Mr. Barbour's class of Sunday school scholars gave a very pleasant serenade and helped to serve the refreshments. Many presents were received by the happy couple. May the roses which strew their pathway at the beginning of life's journey be found on its course through life losing none of their beauty or fragrance.

An immense bed of coal, believed to be a hundred feet thick; was struck a few days ago, at Hazleton, Luzerne county, in a mine which was abandoned twelve years ago as worked out. The mine had not been worked much for twenty years. During civil war times it was one of the best producers in Pennsylvania, but the supply appeared to give out. The owners of the property decided a year ago that it might be worth while to sink a new shaft in the region, in the hope that by the use of newer methods the mine might still be made profitable. As a result of the prospecting the new seam was discovered.

Dr. B. H. Warren, economic zoologist in the Department of Agriculture, says the sale of furs in Pennsylvania amounts to many thousand dollars a year in spite of the great destruction of animal life in the state. In York county last year the revenue derived from the sale of pelts of the muskrat, skunk, opossum, raccoon, mink and fox amounted to about $20,000. A dealer at West Chester has for several years sold from $3,000 to $5,000 worth of skins obtained in Chester county. The hunters and trappers of Wayne county realize large sums annually by the sale of furs and pelts obtained there. Dr. Warren says Armstrong, Jefferson, Mercer and Lawrence counties send from $15,000 to $20,000 worth of skunk hides annually to the London markets.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Items of Interest About You and Our Friends and Those Whom We All Know.

John Neil and his daughter, Miss Maude, of Spring Run, were pleasant callers at the REVIEW office Tuesday.

Among the profitable callers Tuesday was Isaac Ledy of Keefers, who called to say a kindly word for the REVIEW and advance his subscription.

D. A. Washabaugh of Ayr, Fulton county, sent in his subscription by Miss Emma Woodall who called on Tuesday and took with her a receipt for Mr. Washabaugh to April 1897.

Mrs. William Kennedy and her daughter, Miss Helen, who formerly resided on West Market street, have taken up their residence in Carlisle. They have many sincere friends in Chambersburg.

Grier J. Stake, of Amberson's Valley, when on his way home from Waynesboro on Saturday stopped long enough to say a kind word for the REVIEW and advance his subscription a year ahead.

Mrs. William Miller of Double Pipe Creek, Md., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Carbaugh on West King street. Mrs. Miller enjoys reading the REVIEW and her subscription is paid up to 1897.

W. F. Worthington, one of the bright young gentlemen of Upper Strasburg, paid us a friendly visit Tuesday afternoon. It is probable that readers of the REVIEW will learn from him what happens from week to week in and near Upper Strasburg.

'Squire Aaron F. Snoke, of Mouersville, secretary of the Lurgan Mutual Fire Insurance company, was a business visitor to Chambersburg yesterday. 'Squire Snoke doesn't get to town often but he has much hand-shaking to do when he does come.

Ex-Sheriff R. G. Jones and family left town Tuesday and for the next year may be found in Fannettsburg, where the ex-Sheriff has taken charge of the hotel which has just been vacated by M. D. Haiston's family who have moved to the Scriba farm two miles northeast of that place.

Andrew Jackson Lear, that stalwart, dyed-in-the-wool "locofoco" of Hustontown Fulton county, though a native of Antrim township, doesn't often get over to this side of the mountains, but he doesn't forget the REVIEW, so he sends his subscription by his nephew, W. J. Lear, Jr., and this will keep him from being bothered about his subscription till the frosts of next fall visit us.

J. B. Wineman, one of Fannettsburg's busiest merchants and farmers; was in town Tuesday morning, having driven across the mountains. Mr. Wineman has become one of the largest land owners in Path Valley and he seems to understand how to make his farms pay. He is already the owner of four or five of the most productive farms in the valley, two of which are near Dry Run and two near Fannettsburg.

P. M. Shoemaker and his son, L. A. Shoemaker, Upper Strasburg, were first of April visitors to Chambersburg. Their sawmill which was sadly damaged by fire has been rebuilt and is now running as usual. They will saw out their present timber contract in a month or a little more; then they think of moving their mill to new timber tracts. Shoemaker junior is anxious that Shoemaker senior should retire from active work but this the latter persistently declines to do.

Rev. J. C. Mumper, who has served Greenvillage charge of the M. E. church several years—very acceptably, has been transferred by conference to Elysburg, Pa., very much to the regret of the members of his charge. Rev. Mumper has been an indefatigable and successful worker among his people and his work has produced fruits that should be very gratifying to him. We hope his new ministerial home may be as pleasant to himself and family as his past one has been. His sale tomorrow should be well attended.

A Sociable.

A ribbon sociable was held by Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Small, of Mont Alto, on Friday evening, March 27, in honor of their son and daughter, Emory and Nellie. The evening was a beautiful one and was enjoyed by all present. The amusing part of the sociable was the selection of partners by each one for refreshments with the corresponding letters on their ribbons given to each one by Miss Nellie and Emory Small. The guests were as follows: Misses Annie Avery, Annie Small, Maggie Shockey, May Elden, Jennie Bushman, Agnes Small, Clara Funk, Ida Kuhn, Florence Reynolds, Jennie Elden, Nettie Verdier, Emma Green, Laura Small and Mollie Clark; James Knepper, Maurice Jacobs, Smith Avery, Burt Smith, Harry Slaybaugh, George Small, Joe Sanders, Mervin Slaybaugh, Corwin Elden, Bennet Avery, Daniel Green, John Avery, Bayard Beatty and Benj. Slaybaugh. The guests returned to their homes at a late hour highly pleased with the pleasures of the evening.

A GUEST.

They Were Moving East.

A veritable "prairie schooner" passed down Main street going toward Harrisburg on Tuesday afternoon. A wagon having a bed made of unplaned pine boards, covered with muslin in the style of the old Conestogo beds of more than 40 years ago; this contained the household goods, including a stove, the pipe of which protruded through a hole in the cover. There seemed to be almost everything in the wagon that might be needed in housekeeping except, perhaps, the piano and the drawing room furniture. Behind the wagon followed a buggy containing the female members of the family, who were bright, intelligent looking women. Considering the time they had been on the road the teams were in good condition. The family was on its way from some point in West Virginia to Annville, Lebanon county, where the proprietor of the flitting says he has a good farm on which he will remain for the future, and not go fortune hunting in the wilds of Virginia or anywhere else where good lands are said to to be given away for a song.

Board of Trade Meeting.

In our hurry to get to press last Thursday morning, and on account of the excitement following the fire, the REVIEW failed to say anything about the board of trade meeting held in the court house Wednesday evening. The attendance was large and a number of addresses were made appealing to those having unemployed capital to encourage the opening of new business enterprises in town. There appeared to be no definite results from the meeting except, perhaps, to set some people thinking. It is to be regretted that with the idle capital and the advantages of location that Chambersburg affords, that new industrial establishments cannot be opened and those now in a languishing existence cannot be pushed into a paying condition.

MYSTERY SURROUNDS HIS DEATH.

Thomas Clendenning is Believed to Have Been the Victim of a Heartless Joke at The Hands of Drunken Men.

When we published the notice of the death of Thomas Clendenning last week, which occurred at Richmond Furnace recently, we were aware of the stories that were in circulation relating to his brutal treatment by drunken young men where he was at work chopping wood in Somerset county, but it was thought best, then, not to publish these rumors. It seems now, however, that the stories have been spread abroad and are told everywhere with sensational details.

There seems to be foundation, however, for the statement that he was taken forcibly from his cabin and hung up by the heels and was left in that position by the drunken ruffians who perpetrated the outrage, and would have died in that position if he had not been discovered dangling from a tree by a passer by. It is now generally believed that this brutal treatment caused his illness and, eventually, his death. There were two young men from the vicinity of Richmond or Fort Loudon with Clendenning when the outrage occurred and it is intimated that they may have had a part in it. We refrain from giving their names (though we have them) because the young man's death may be a matter for judicial inquiry.

It is somewhat remarkable that Mrs. Clendenning, the young man's mother, did not learn anything of her son's brutal treatment, or if she did learn of it that she said nothing about it until some days after his death.

We are informed that Dr. Devor of Fort Loudon, regarded the case as a very peculiar one and was hardly ready to give a decided opinion as to the cause of the death. There was naturally much excitement after the stories were put afloat and it is now said that the remains will be exhumed that the cause of death may be clearly ascertained.

The case was reported to District Attorney Light in an unofficial manner, and that officer is said to be looking up the case.

If there is any apparent warrant for believing the stories of such cruelty as caused young Clendenning's death the matter should be thoroughly investigated, as we hope it will be. There is much sympathy with the widowed mother of the boy, whose lot in life has never been the most pleasant, and who now suffers the loss of the son who was her main support.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

Those Who Have Passed to the Great Beyond—The Death Record In Franklin County and Elsewhere.

Mrs. Mary Jane Harglerode died at her home in Greenvillage on Thursday night, March 26th, in the 77th year of her age. She had been a constant sufferer from a severe attack of paralysis which she received nearly two years ago. Amid all her suffering, which at times was intense, she never murmured nor complained of her lot, but was always cheerful and looking forward to a home where mortal sufferings never entered. Her end was peaceful and was signal evidence of the ultimate triumph of the righteous over death and the grave. Her remains were interred in the M. E. graveyard in Greenvillage on Friday morning beside her husband who preceded her to the spirit world just one month ago.

***

Mrs. Sarah Baum died at her home in Edenville about 4 o'clock Sunday morning. She is survived by her husband and six children. She was 57 years old and during most of her life was a consistent, kind-hearted member of the U. B. church.

***

Amos Detrich of Antrim township, whose son was fatally injured by being thrown from a horse some weeks ago, died at his home near Greencastle, on Thursday morning of last week from apoplexy. His age was about 55 years. The death summons came to him very suddenly. His physician was summoned but was unable to keep the life current moving. Mr. Detrich leaves a widow and several children. He will be much missed in the community of which he was a useful member.

The Payment of Pensions.

Captain George W. Skinner, U. S. Pension Agent at Pittsburg, has sent to pensioners in his district, under date of March 25, 1896, the following information:

"You are advised that by an Act of Congress approved March 23, 1896, Section No. 4784 R. S., U. S., has been repealed.

"The Act repealing said Section abolishes personal payments of every character, and revokes the authority of Pension Agents and of clerks designated by them for the purpose, to administer oaths in the execution of any pension vouchers, either at the Agency or elsewhere.

"It is operative immediately, and will be strictly enforced.

"A pension check cannot, under any circumstances, be delivered to a pensioner, except by mail.

"The Justices of the Peace and Aldermen who execute the pension vouchers, must have a certificate of their official character on file at the Pension Agency, and the Notaries Public must use their official seal on the vouchers they execute.

"Attention is called to the fact, that the Pension Certificate must in every instance be exhibited to the officiating magistrate."

Hollow! Hollow!!

The Washington Post gets off the following good story on several congressmen of which Congressman Mahon is one of the victims or one of the heroes, we shall leave our readers to judge which: Congressman Jack Robinson of Pennsylvania, brought down the House yesterday in his speech on the Naval Appropriation bill, by describing Mr. Cannon's emotions on first beholding a warship. The Illinois statesmen who, by the way, was fighting a provision which Robinson was advocating he said, sailed down the Potomac river one time, and at Norfolk was taken aboard one of the battleships. He had just come to Congress from Illinois, and his experience had all the charm of novelty. He looked round him on the deck with a bewildered air at the armaments and the smokestack, and finally he cast his eyes down the hole. One peep was sufficient, throwing up both arms in profound astonishment he exclaimed.

"Great God! she's hollow!"

Before the House quieted down, and while Mr. Cannon was making his reply, Mr. Mahon of Pennsylvania, asked the Illinoisain if he might interrupt him.

"I am sure," said Mahon, "the gentleman knows that a schooner is hollow." And there was another outburst of laughter.

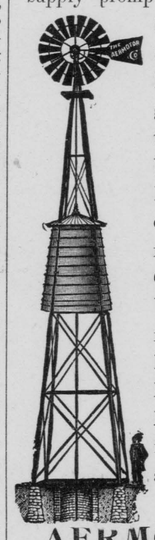
"Yes," returned Cannon. "I know a schooner is hollow, after the gentleman from Pennsylvania gets through with it."

Operation of Compulsory Education Law.

The county commissioners are having books prepared to be sent out to the different election precincts in the county, in compliance with the requirements of the compulsory election law. There are 42 election districts or precincts in the county, and a book will be required for each one of these. These books will contain the name, age, sex and color of every child in each precinct between the age of eight and thirteen years. They will be filled out by the assessors and returned with the other assessment books as has been done heretofore. These books will be sent out during the present month.

The Attention of Farmers

is called to the list of Farm Implements and Machinery which I have on hand or can supply promptly on orders.



Syracuse Plows and Harrows, Hench & Dromgold's Cultivators, D. M. Osborne & Co.'s Harvesting Machinery, Bickford & Huffman Grain Drills, Wagons for the farm and road, Pumps, Wind Engines, Feed Mills, The "Perfect Washer" and the celebrated

AERMOTOR

for pumping or driving many kinds of machinery.

It will pay you to see me. Don't forget to call.

J. RUSH GILLAN,
33 North Main St.,
Chambersburg, Pa.

Economize in Clothing

By having your clothes Repaired, Steamed, thoroughly Cleaned and Pressed, and made

To Look Like New

and be almost as good.

Work Guaranteed.

Prices Always Right.

Ed. T. Henneberger,
German St. East of Main,
Chambersburg, Pa.

OH, THESE MARCH WINDS!
HOW THEY DO CUT!

Makes the skin hard and rough. This is the month the women all wear veils and gloves. The men can wear gloves, but alas, no veils, so they get the full benefit.

Orange Flower Balm

will keep the skin soft and smooth, and is useful to both men and women.

15 cents a bottle at

Greenawalt's
Drug Store,
On The Diamond.

WALL PAPER, CARPETS and MATTINGS.

I now have my full line of Wall Papers and Decorations in for the Spring trade and can show you the largest assortment and greatest variety of patterns in all the new colorings ever offered in the Cumberland Valley.

Over 25,000 pieces Wall Paper in stock. 6000 pieces new Mica and Gilt Papers selling at 5, 6, 7 and 8c. piece; as handsome as you will find elsewhere at double the price.

3000

pieces very fine Solid Gold Papers reduced from 40, 50 and 60c. piece to 10, 12, 15 and 20c. piece to close out.

5000

pieces Wall Paper at 10, 12 and 15c. piece; as handsome patterns and colorings as you can buy at any price.

2000

pieces Felt Papers in all the new shades, with finest friezes and ceilings to match that we have ever offered.

10,000

pieces of fine Pressed, Velour, Leather, Lacquer, Cartridge, Embossed and Gold Papers at the lowest prices that they have ever sold.

March Bargains
IN MATTINGS.

60 rolls (40 yds. each) going at $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $7.00 and $8.00 per roll. Call and see them before best patterns are sold.

75 Rolls—4500 yds. Tapestry Brussels Carpet.

Bought before the advance in price, going at 50, 55, 60 and 65c., during this month.

50 Rolls—3000 Yards

best quality Tapestry Brussels going at 70 and 75c. yard. Same quality goods sold last season at 85, 87½ and 90c.

J. SIERER,
No. 54 South Main St.,
Chambersburg, Pa.

Bowers & Co.,

DEALRRS IN

FANCY and STAPLE **GROCERIES,**

FISH,

SPICES,

PRODUCE,

STONEWARE,

QUEENSWARE,

ETC.

CONFECTIONERY,
TOBACCO and CIGARS.

No. 10 East Side Public Square.

LIGHTNING STRIKES TWICE IN THE SAME PLACE.

Again we have been visited by a disastrous FIRE, this time doing us more than double the damage it did a few months ago. Not only were we damaged to a much larger extent but all our

IMMENSE NEW STOCK OF DRY GOODS
Dress Goods and Notions

for the Spring trade were opened only a few days before the fire occurred.

What follows this fearful loss? That our stock must be closed out in less than half the time it was before. Our goods are still wet and what were left dry at the time of the fire the recent rains have damaged to some extent. We now have a temporary roof over the store and

SATURDAY, APRIL 4

we will be ready for the waiting multitudes that are crowding our doors for admittance,

Experience costs money but it teaches us the value of having more help at "Fire sales," and this time you may crowd us all you will for we will be prepared with a score of willing salesmen.

The bargains we gave you before are still fresh in your memory, but my friends, it only gave you a small idea of the sacrifice we are compelled to make this time.

Our time for selling is shorter and our stock not only larger but newer and more attractive goods were crowded in our store this time than ever in the history of our business. Goods that were sold at half price before, this time will be almost given away to make them go quickly, knowing as we do that the longer they are on our shelves the worse they may get.

If they are bought quickly and dried at home they will be good as ever. We have neither time nor room for drying them.

The most wonderful and greatest sacrifice known to modern merchandising will commence in our store Saturday, April 4, and continue until every piece of goods in the store is sold.

Don't wait; come early, and remember that at our former fire sale hundreds were disappointed because they waited too long and the goods were all sold.

Yours truly,

W. O. APPENZELLAR,
Dry Goods and Notions, Center of Square,
Chambersburg, Pa.

SOLLENBERGER'S

DRESS GOODS.

The newest things in Dress Goods can now be seen on our counters, including a choice line of stuffs for spring wear.

Looks Like Silk.

Ask to see our line of Chameleon Moire and Tassar Silks. Our price 9 cents the yard.

D. D. SOLLENBERGER.

Have You Seen Them?

If Not You've a Pleasure Before You.

The Best in town, spread out in bewildering array is our

Fall and Winter Stock

Of Men's and Boy's Clothing and Gents Furnishing Goods.

Our Stock of Piece Goods cannot be excelled.

Ever Late in Style and Rich in Quality

ADAM LOHMAN,
SOUTH MAIN ST.

OUR AIM IS LOW PRICES!

Well made, stylish Clothing at the Lowest Prices.

Our entire time, talent and attention is concentrated on this one branch of industry, and the result is the very best that skill art, and superior workmanship can produce. Our make is accepted by all as the best.

The Spring line is ready and positively is the handsomest we have ever had.

W. H. BECK, AGT.

The Leading Fashionable Merchant Talior,
81 SOUTH MAIN ST.,
Opposite Hotel Union. Chambersburg, Pa.

BLANK BOOKS.

We have a full line of all kinds of Blank Books, from the small Pass Book to the large.

Day Books,	Invoice Books,	Cash Books,
Ledgers,	Dues Books,	Bill Books,
Dockets,	Due Ledgers,	Order Books,
Records,	Hotel Registers,	Butcher Books.

Also a full line of Notes, Drafts, Receipts, Deeds and all other Justices' Blanks at

SNIDER'S BOOK STORE.

LOOK RIGHT AT US!

D. C. EBERSOLE & CO.,

For We Have Something Important to say. We Carry the Following Leaders:

The Aultman Co. Engines, Threshers, Clover Hullers, Saw Mills, Stone Crushers and Street Machinery.

Jones ever Plano Binder and Chain Mower.

Smith Six and Seven Foot Horse Rakes and Eureka Mowers.

The Mountville Steel Share Plows.

South Bend, Oliver and other Plows.

Riding and Walking Cultivators.

Single and Double Shovel Plows, Spring Harrows, Corn Shellers, Feed Cutters, Wagons, Buggies, Coal, Lumber, Phosphate, Plaster, Oils, Leather and Rubber Belting and Hose.

Repairs made to all machinery.

D. C. EBERSOLE & Co.,
Nos. 2 and 4 Market St.,
Opposite Western Maryland Station. **Chamberburg, Pa.**

The Franklin Review.

THURSDAY, APIRL 2, 1896.

CHURCH AND SUNDAY SCHOOL.

The Lesson For Sunday, April 5.

International Sunday school lesson for Sunday, April 5, 1896, from Luke, 13: 22-30. Title: Warning Against Sin. Golden text: "Strive to enter in at the strait gate."

The opening verse of the lesson is not an unnecessary repetition of the statement that "Jesus went through the cities and villages teaching." While the remainder of the lesson may be regarded as doctrinal, the first verse emphasizes the example which Christ furnished to all His followers in all time since His teaching began; it is well worth studying, and is very sugestive.

We give below the "Illustrative application" of Dr. H. Clay Trumbull of the Sunday School Times:

Teaching, and journeying on (v. 22). Progress is a duty in life. Even when we are doing a good work where we are, we must not plan to remain just there always. As we teach, we must be ready to journey on. So, on the other hand, we must teach as we journey. We have no right to stop teaching when we begin journeying. In fact, we are teaching as we journey, whether we intend to or not. We teach by example as well as by precept. We can teach evil as well as good without intending it. As Jesus was a teacher while he journeyed and while he rested,every one of his followers teaches, while journeying or while resting. Let us have a care to teach wisely, and to teach aright, as we stand and as we journey on.

Are there few that be saved? (v.23.) That is a poor question to worry over. It is important to know how to be saved, but it is not important to know how many are saved. "What is that to thee ?', asked Jesus, when Peter was questioning about another man's prospect's, "Follow thou me." "How can I be saved?" is a practical question for every sinner. "Will you be saved ?" is a question of similar pertinency to any person in whose spiritual welfare we have an interest. It is not yet time to take a census of the redeemed.

Many, I say to you, shal seek to enter in, and shal not be able (v. 24). That is an important thing for us to know. While we cannot know now just how many are saved, we do know that many are not yet saved. This ought to interest us. Are you one of the saved ? If not, why? If you are saved, who about you is not? To whom can you bring salvation? What are you doing to save others?

Ye . . . say, We did eat and drink in thy presence, and thou didst teach in our streets. . . . He shall say, . . . I know not whence ye are: depart from me (vs. 26 ,27). Some who sat in good pews, in orthodox churches—and paid for them, some who went to prayer-meeting—and took part in it; some who were regularly at Sunday school—and memorized the golden texts and the catechism; some who taught classes—and had scholars who distinguished themselves on review Sunday; some who proclaimed sound doctrine from the pulpit—and refused calls from half a dozen churches,—may be among those who hear with surprise that they are not to enter heaven. No performance of good works, no confident resting on them, will save a sinner, or will open to him heaven's door. But whoever else is finally disappointed, there will be never one who has committed himself in child-like trust to Jesus as his Saviour, and has evidenced his faith by his daily life in his Saviour's service. Jesus will never say to such a soul, "I know not whence ye are." He knows his own, and he is known by them.

They shall come from the east and west, and from the north and south, and shall sit down in the kingdom of God (v. 29). And this is not alone from the four quarters of our state or country; from every portion of the people of our race; from all directions within our denomination. It is from quarters where we least look for servants of God; from people whom we have despised; from fields where there is no church of our name. There will be as many surprises in the coming in of the redeemer at the last day, as in the shutting out of the over-confident. To see some from among the Jews and Mohammadans and Parsees, as well as from the Roman Catholic and Greek and Unitarians churches, may startle some of our sound Presbyterians and Methodists and Baptists and Episcopalians. But of one thing we may be sure, even before we know all that will then be made clear to us, and that is that no one will enter heaven who does not belong there,—who is not saved in God's sight and in God's way.

Behold, there are last which shall be first, and there are first which shall be last (v.30). The standards of this world are not to be the standards of the next. Some men and women whose lives attracted no notice here, and whose deaths htd no mention in the newspaper, will be centers of interest in heaven. The relative standing of saints will be among the great surprises of the future. It was a custom of old time in New England to assign seats in the churches, in open town meeting, according to the character and dignity of the occupants. If such were now the custom universally, there would be a good deal of changing about when church-members took the places assigned to them in heaven. Some who had front seats in their old church, would be well back by the door in the new place of worship; and their old seats would be occupied by some who had been left to shift for themselves in the "swing-pew" of the gallery. There is a comfort in this thought as we see how some are overestimated and others are undervalued in this world.

The Baby's Last Prayer.

The following touching article appeared in the Huntingdon Local News recently. It will be read with interest by many readers of the REVIEW:

"Yes,the last prayer was said, that is, by my darling child, and though years have passed away, still the memory of that prayer lingers with me at this distant day. I had been so busy all the day that I hardly devoted as much time to my child as I should, and she in her own childish way had tried to assist me. In the evening while resting I had taken her on my knee. She said to me, 'Mamma, baby's head hurts, baby's sick.' I said to her she was only tired, she had worked too hard, that when she got some sleep she would be well, and then she would help me again. She seemed to ponder over this long and silently, and to be looking at some faraway object not visible to me. At length with a strange look on her countenance she said, 'Mamma, baby may never help you again.' Oh, could I have known and yet in mercy how well it is for us that the book of fate is sealed,that destiny is hidden from mortal eyes—even then the dart was leveled. The angel who gathers the flowers on earth for heaven was hovering near, and yet I did not see nor realize. The little one soon grew sleepy, and as she knelt at my knee to say her little prayer, she repeated the last sentence over twice. I placed her in bed and fixed her up comfortably for sleep. As I leaned down to give her my good night kiss, she raised her eyes to mine and asked in her childish way, 'Mamma, will God take me if I die before I wake?' "Yes,' I said, 'God will send a good angel, who will watch over you while you sleep, that no harm will come to you, and then in the morning we will thank God for all his goodness, and you will be rested, and can help mamma again." She lay as though in deep thought for a few moments, and then in her childish way said: 'Mamma, I'se so little, will God find me, if I die?' I hardly knew how to answer. A presenfiment of some impending evil seemed to come over me. A dark shadow passed before my eyes. I said, 'Yes, darling, God will find you. The saviour took little children in his arms and blessed them; and God notices even the little sparrows.' This seemed to quiet her, and she was soon sleeping the sleep of innocence and childhood. I stood long and silently looking at the little innocent as she slept. A strange feeling of dread was beginning to come over me. I knelt down at the side of the bed, and prayed earnestly to the dear Heavenly Father that no evil might befall my child. When I retired I could not sleep. A fear of some impending evil was ever in my mind. About midnight the little one became restless and peevish, and at length that harsh, grating cough, the sure index to croup, startled me. I hastily arose and on getting a light found the child struggling and gasping for breath. The doctor was soon at hand and did all he could, but it was of no avail. She grew rapidly worse, and soon only by the labored breathing could we tell that life remained. Death had a firm hold on the throat which medical skill could not loosen. I could only hold the little burning hand in my own and listen to the wild throbbing of my own heart. It was not for long. Death did his work speedily and sure. The light slowly died out of those pansy like eyes. The little form gradually grew limp and cold; but just like the taper when nearly burned out in its socket, it will suddenly flash up for a moment ere it goes out forever, so the dim eyes lighted up for a little, as though she wished to speak. I leaned down and could just make out; "Mamma—baby—God—take." Then the light slowly died out of those beautiful eyes. A gasp or two, and the little form grew rigid, and the poor tired heart was at rest forever. And this was death, the end of all my bright hopes, the hopes of all futnre years, beautiful dreams of my waking hours. I must now take up the burden of life and walk alone. The way seemed so solitary and dark; yet one comforting thought presented itself to my sorrowing heart. A merciful Father had taken my child to himself, perhaps from the evil to come. It would never come back to me again, but I could go to her and live forever in the blissful enjoyment of heaven.

McAlevey's Fort. D."

Two Cat Stories.

A little girl who lives in the Twenty-sixth ward owns a cat of which she is very fond. The child is only 3 years old, and as will happen sometimes she forgets and does not behave properly at table. One night last week she was not only reproved for misconduct, but set down from her place, whereupon she flung herself upon the floor and sobbed out her grief. The cat was perched upon the lounge near which the child was lying. She looked down, then put her paw over the edge of the sofa and touched the baby. No attention was paid her. She pawed again, but being still unnoticed she jumped down and going up to her sorrowful little friend snuggled close to her and began licking her face. Human sympathy could not have been better expressed.

The other story tells of equal intelligence, but exerted for the animal's own benefit. On a cold day this cat came in shivering and went straight to the fire. Presently she put up one paw cautiously and felt the oven door. It was warm, but not too hot. So puss held her foot against it and then proceeded to wash herself, warming her paws alternately before wetting them and using them for flesh brushes.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Moore's Wonderful Story.

William B. Walker, a gentleman who moved from the Mississippi Valley last fall to settle in Seattle, and has offices in the Bailey building, told a story yesterday of an acquaintance of his whose experiences in South Africa are of a rather romantic character. Early in the 80's Henry Moore lived near Corinth Miss., and was a shiftless sort of fellow. He gathered courage enough to shift from there, however, and climbing on the end of a railroad train managed to ride blind baggage to Denver. He spent some time in Colorado, then drifted to the Arizona gold fields, lounged in the everlasting sunshine of Mexico for a while, and one day found himself at Galveston. There he drifted on board a sailing ship, and the ship drifted him to the eastern coast of Africa.

Here he found there was gold to be had, without the digging. When the ship got to Liverpool he spent all his wages in trinkets and worked his way back to Africa on another ship. His exploits from the time he landed the second time throw those of Livingstone and Stanley entirely in the shade. For they went armed with a retinue of followers, with baggage wagons and tents, commissary department and cooks. All alone, with as big a pack as he could carry, he started from the east coast in a direct line for the west.

It was something over a year before he was again seen by one of his race or heard his native tongue. He got back to the coast, but was not carrying his pack. He had a string of camels and donkeys to carry it, and it had grown to a goodly size. There were ivory tusks in it, and gold nuggets and precious stones and curious things never seen before. All by himself he had gone nearly a thousand miles into the interior and "bin doin' a right smart o' tradin' with the coons," he modestly said.

"Meet any savages ?" he was asked.

"Mostly all savages," was the quiet reply.

"And cannibals ?"

"Yes, they were most all cannibals,, but nary a one uv' em ever eat me, an' I'm here to prove it."

This is what he said when he got back to Corinth, some time later. What he did when he got his goods to the coast was to get them and himself onto a ship, and at Liverpool he disposed of them. With a small part of the money he invested in a still larger pack, and again went into the wilds of Africa, but this time with donkeys and camels and native servants. He passed through Mashonaland and to the northward. He carried many bundles of matches, and he deftly and swiftly swung his right hand upward past his thigh and fire was the result. The natives were ready to worship the fire maker. He also took a few firearms. When he came to a large village on the morning of a festival he had the ruler informed that he could kill a man and nobody would know "what had struck him." The King was curious about this, and ordered out one of his young chiefs to be experimented upon. Moore said his machine would work just as well on a cow, and an animal intended for slaughter was placed 300 yards away which dropped dead when struck by Moore's bullet. Moore says he could have had a bigger piece of land than the State of Mississippi and its live stock thrown in for that rifle, but he could only bargain for things that he could carry away with him. Some time after that, however, he did receive a donation of land about seventy miles square from one of these African kings in the interior, and sold a half interest in it to an English syndicate for nearly $1,000, 000.

Moore got back to Corinth in 1887 and has been going and coming between Africa and this coutry ever since. When Chattanooga had a land boom he went there and asked the price of a large tract. The price was $75.000. "But how much cash?" asked Moore. He bargained it down to $70,000 and gave a check for that amount on a San Francisco bank. The land dealer laughed at it, but on a telegram being sent to San Francisco the bank on which the check was drawn replied: "Moore good for $250,000."

Moore has $500,000 in Government bonds and large accounts with several banks. He is not married, and his family connections are all poor people. That is they were poor before he returned. He has sent his brother's two daughters to a fashionable boarding school, and given each a bank account of $50,000. He has also taken his brother's boy and sent him to school. To the rest of his family and intimate friends he has also been liberal.

"I have in my posession," said Mr. Walker, "a piece of seaweed that Moore picked up near the spot where Pharaoh's army tried to cross."

This proves the wonderful romance to be perfectly true.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

A Southern Woman's Shrewd Scheme For Saving Her Meat.

When Sherman's blue-coated legions came pouring through Snake creek gap and down the railroad from Dalton there was a mighty hustling around among the people of Dalton county.

There were but few men there, and they were mostly old and infirm. There were a few boys and negroes, a few cattle and sheep and other things to eat.

Everybody knew it was good-by world and turnip patch with everything of any value that remained exposed to the swarming Yankees, and the necessity of hiding and saving everything valuable suggested to the ready minds of the housewives many peculiar schemes and strategies.

One lady had a fine lot of well-cured pork hanging in the smokehouse. Well she knew how swiftly it would disappear when once the Yankees found it. What could she do? It was out of the question to hide it. She must save it in some other way. If the meat should be taken from her she saw nothing but starvation ahead. After much troubled thought she devised a plan. When she learned that the Yankees were nearing her home she had the pork taken down and thrown into the front yard. She then sprinkled over each piece some soda and damp flour. The soda soon took on a kind of a corroding greenish look.

Soon the yard was full of blue-coats. They looked at the powdered pork longingly but suspiciously.

"What's the matter with this meat?" they asked.

"I do not know," replied the lady. "The rebels were here last night and fixed it up."

If each piece had been soaked in strychnine the Yankees would not have been more careful to let it alone.—Calhoun (Ga.) Times.

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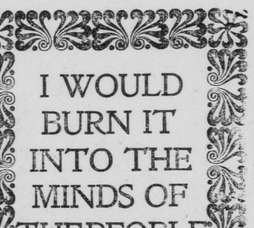

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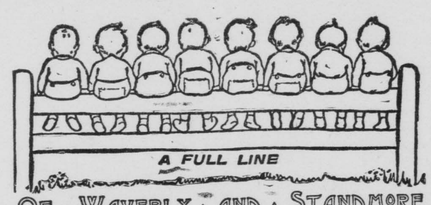

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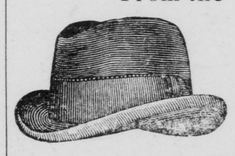

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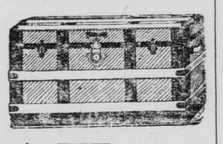

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COURT CALENDAR—1895

Thirtyninth Judicial District of Pennsylvania.

REGULAR TERMS:	ORPHANS' COURT:
Feb. 4th 1st Monday,	Jan. 28th 4th Tuesday,
April 27th 4th "	March 24th 4th "
Sept. 7th 1st "	June 23d 4th "
Dec. 7th 1st "	Oct. 27th 4th "

The third week of each regular term is appointed for the trial of Equity Cases.

SPECIAL TERMS—Court of Common Pleas:
18th May 3d Monday, | 12th Oct. 2d Monday.

ARGUMENT COURT 4th Tuesday of each month excepting April, July and December.

DETAILED CALENDAR:

January 28th,	Orphans' Court.
February 3d,	Regular Term.
February 25th,	Argument Court.
March 9th,	Superior Court.
March 9th,	Supreme Court.
March 24th,	Orphans' Court.
April 27th,	Regular Term.
May 18th,	Special Term.
May 26th,	Argument Court.
June 22d,	Orphans' Court.
August 25th,	Argument Court.
September 7th,	Regular Term.
September 22d	Argument Court.
October 12th,	Special Term.
October 27th,	Orphans' Court.
November 5th,	Election Returns.
November 24th,	Argument Court.
December 7th	Regular Term.

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